

$$N = \int_A \sigma_{zz} dA$$

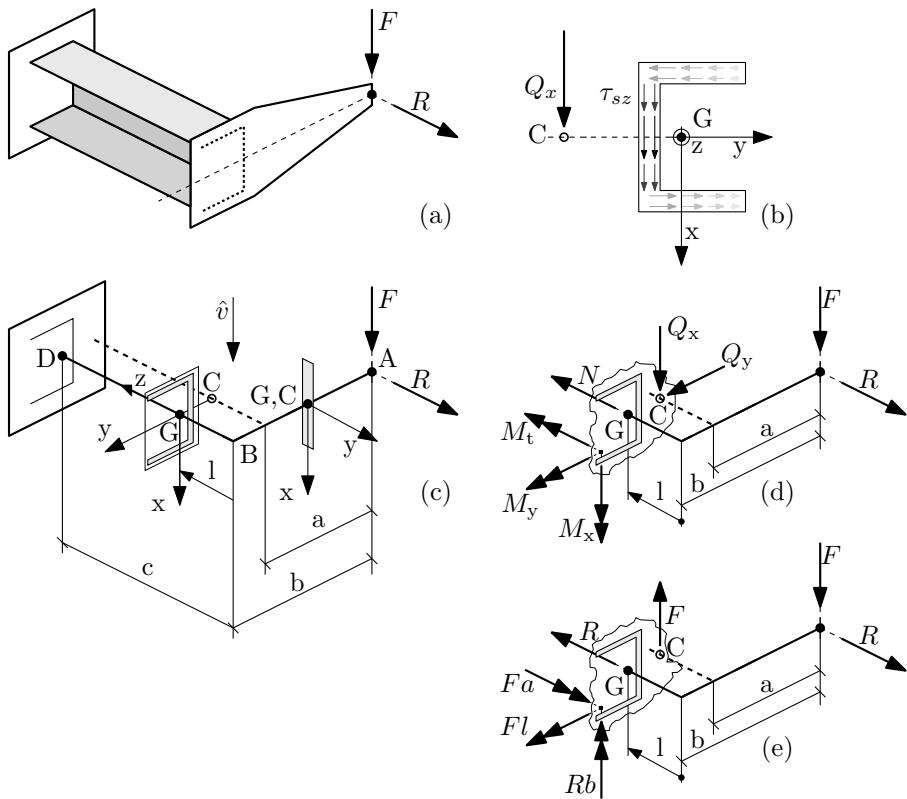
$$Q_y = \int_A \tau_{yz} dA$$

$$Q_x = \int_A \tau_{zx} dA$$

$$M_x \equiv M_{(G,x)} = \int_A \sigma_z y dA$$

$$M_y \equiv M_{(G,y)} = - \int_A \sigma_z x dA$$

$$M_t \equiv M_{(C,z)} = \int_A [\tau_{yz}(x - x_C) - \tau_{zx}(y - y_C)] dA$$



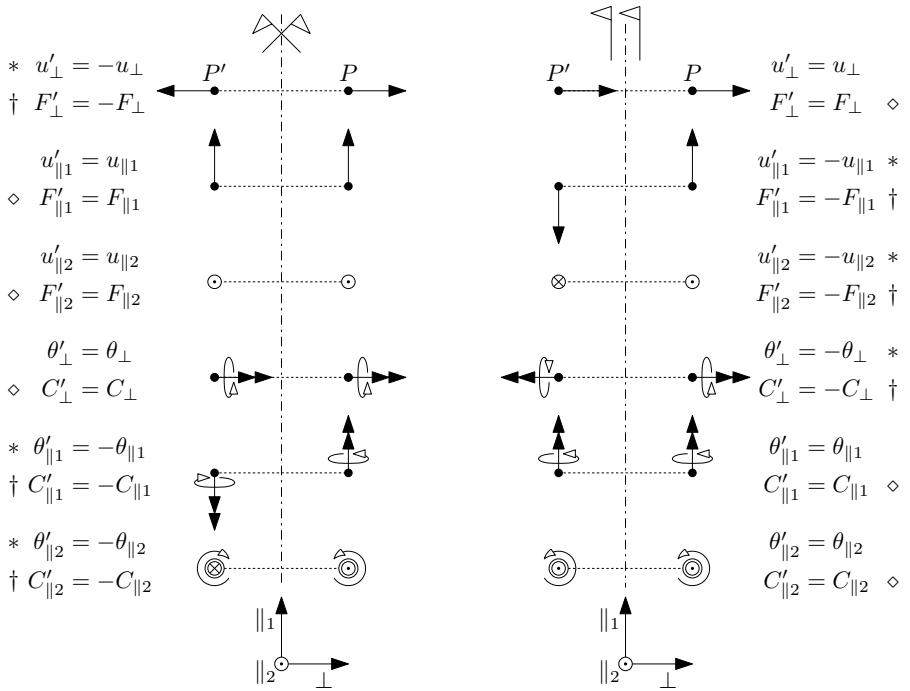
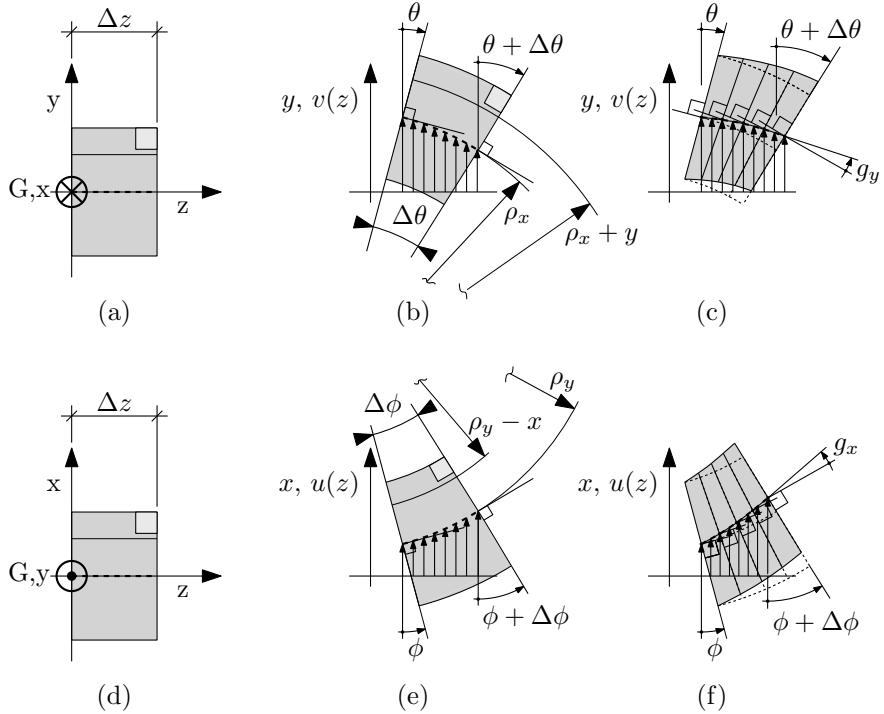


Figure 1: An overview of symmetrical and skew-symmetrical (generalized) loading and displacements.



$$\epsilon_z = a + bx + cy \quad (1)$$

$$\frac{d\theta}{dz} = \frac{1}{\rho_x}, \quad \frac{dv}{dz} = -\theta + [g_y], \quad \frac{d^2v}{dz^2} = -\frac{1}{\rho_x} \quad (2)$$

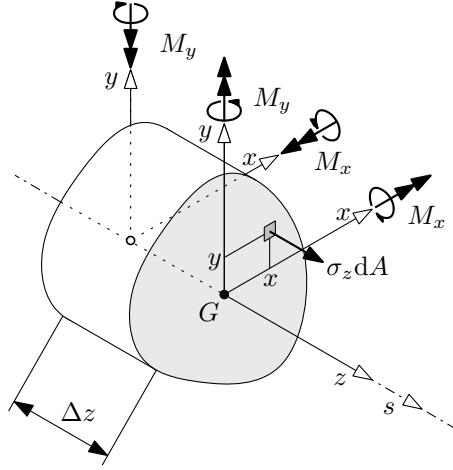
$$\frac{d\phi}{dz} = \frac{1}{\rho_y}, \quad \frac{du}{dz} = +\phi + [g_x], \quad \frac{d^2u}{dz^2} = +\frac{1}{\rho_y} \quad (3)$$

$$\sigma_z = E_z \epsilon_z; \quad \epsilon_z = e - \frac{1}{\rho_y}x + \frac{1}{\rho_x}y \quad (4)$$

$$N = \iint_{\mathcal{A}} E_z \epsilon_z dA = \overline{E} \overline{A} e \quad (5)$$

$$M_x = \iint_{\mathcal{A}} E_z \epsilon_z y dA = \overline{E} \overline{J}_{xx} \frac{1}{\rho_x} - \overline{E} \overline{J}_{xy} \frac{1}{\rho_y} \quad (6)$$

$$M_y = - \iint_{\mathcal{A}} E_z \epsilon_z x dA = - \overline{E} \overline{J}_{xy} \frac{1}{\rho_x} + \overline{E} \overline{J}_{yy} \frac{1}{\rho_y} \quad (7)$$



$$\overline{EA} = \iint_{\mathcal{A}} E_z(x, y) \, dA \quad (8)$$

$$\overline{EJ}_{xx} = \iint_{\mathcal{A}} E_z(x, y) yy \, dA \quad (9)$$

$$\overline{EJ}_{xy} = \iint_{\mathcal{A}} E_z(x, y) yx \, dA \quad (10)$$

$$\overline{EJ}_{yy} = \iint_{\mathcal{A}} E_z(x, y) xx \, dA \quad (11)$$

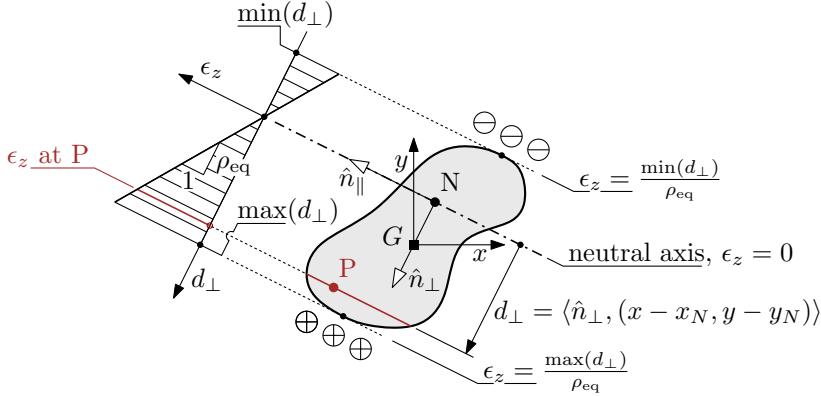
$$\begin{bmatrix} M_x \\ M_y \end{bmatrix} = \underbrace{\begin{bmatrix} \overline{EJ}_{xx} & -\overline{EJ}_{xy} \\ -\overline{EJ}_{xy} & \overline{EJ}_{yy} \end{bmatrix}}_{[\overline{EJ}]} \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{\rho_x} \\ \frac{1}{\rho_y} \end{bmatrix} \quad (12)$$

$$e = \frac{N}{\overline{EA}}. \quad (13)$$

$$\frac{1}{\rho_x} = \frac{M_x \overline{EJ}_{yy} + M_y \overline{EJ}_{xy}}{\overline{EJ}_{xx} \overline{EJ}_{yy} - \overline{EJ}_{xy}^2} \quad (14)$$

$$\frac{1}{\rho_y} = \frac{M_x \overline{EJ}_{xy} + M_y \overline{EJ}_{xx}}{\overline{EJ}_{xx} \overline{EJ}_{yy} - \overline{EJ}_{xy}^2} \quad (15)$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{\rho_x} \\ \frac{1}{\rho_y} \end{bmatrix} = [\overline{EJ}]^{-1} \begin{bmatrix} M_x \\ M_y \end{bmatrix} \quad (16)$$



$$[\bar{EJ}]^{-1} = \frac{1}{\bar{EJ}_{xx}\bar{EJ}_{yy} - \bar{EJ}_{xy}^2} \begin{bmatrix} \bar{EJ}_{yy} & \bar{EJ}_{xy} \\ \bar{EJ}_{xy} & \bar{EJ}_{xx} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\frac{1}{\rho_{eq}} = \sqrt{\frac{1}{\rho_x^2} + \frac{1}{\rho_y^2}}, \quad (17)$$

$$\sigma_z = E_z \epsilon_z; \quad \epsilon_z = [y \quad -x] [\bar{EJ}]^{-1} \begin{bmatrix} M_x \\ M_y \end{bmatrix} + \frac{1}{\bar{E}A} N \quad (18)$$

$$(x_N, y_N) \equiv e \rho_{eq}^2 \left(\frac{1}{\rho_y}, -\frac{1}{\rho_x} \right);$$

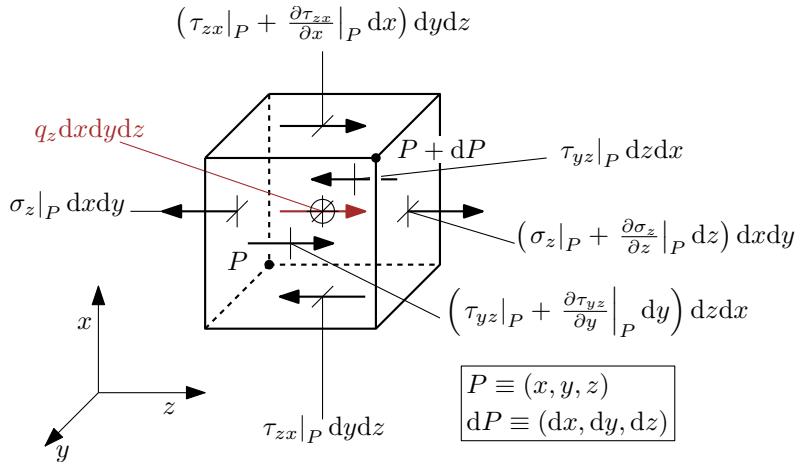
$$\hat{n}_\parallel = \rho_{eq} \left(\frac{1}{\rho_x}, \frac{1}{\rho_y} \right),$$

$$\hat{n}_\perp = \rho_{eq} \left(-\frac{1}{\rho_y}, \frac{1}{\rho_x} \right),$$

$$\epsilon_z = \frac{1}{\rho_{eq}} \underbrace{\langle \hat{n}_\perp, (x - x_N, y - y_N) \rangle}_{d_\perp} = \frac{1}{\rho_{eq}} d_\perp \quad (19)$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} M_x \\ M_y \end{bmatrix} = \zeta \hat{n}_\parallel = \lambda \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{\rho_x} \\ \frac{1}{\rho_y} \end{bmatrix} \quad (20)$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} M_x \\ M_y \end{bmatrix} = \underbrace{\begin{bmatrix} \bar{EJ}_{xx} & -\bar{EJ}_{xy} \\ -\bar{EJ}_{xy} & \bar{EJ}_{yy} \end{bmatrix}}_{[\bar{EJ}]} \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{\rho_x} \\ \frac{1}{\rho_y} \end{bmatrix} = \lambda \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{\rho_x} \\ \frac{1}{\rho_y} \end{bmatrix} \quad (21)$$

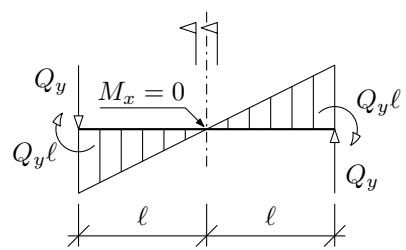


$$Q_y = \frac{dM_x}{dz}, \quad Q_x = -\frac{dM_y}{dz}, \quad (22)$$

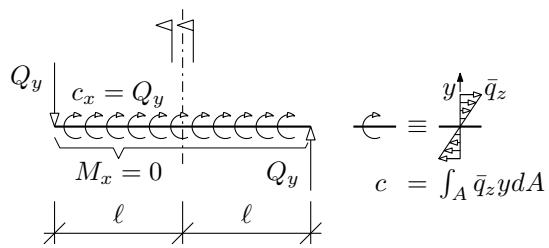
$$\frac{d\sigma_z}{dz} = E_z [y \ -x] [\bar{EJ}]^{-1} \begin{bmatrix} Q_y \\ -Q_x \end{bmatrix} \quad (23)$$

$$\frac{d\sigma_z}{dz} = E_z [x \ y] \frac{[\bar{EJ}]}{\det([\bar{EJ}])} \begin{bmatrix} Q_x \\ Q_y \end{bmatrix}. \quad (24)$$

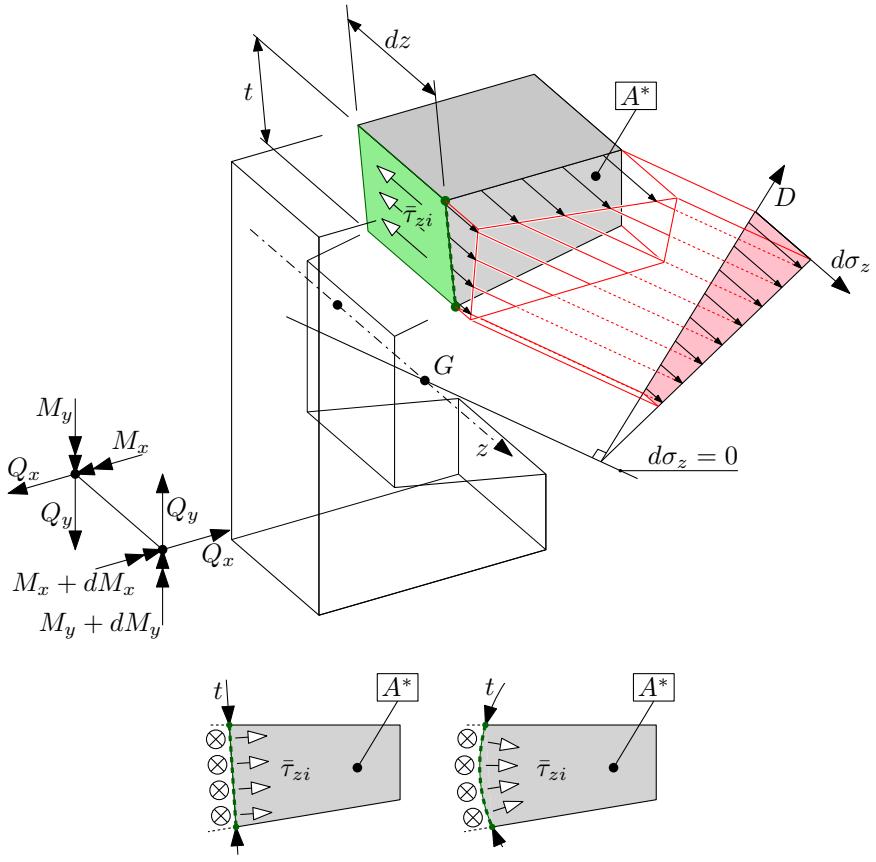
$$\frac{d\tau_{zx}}{dx} + \frac{d\tau_{yz}}{dy} + \frac{d\sigma_z}{dz} + q_z = 0 \quad (25)$$



(a)



(b)



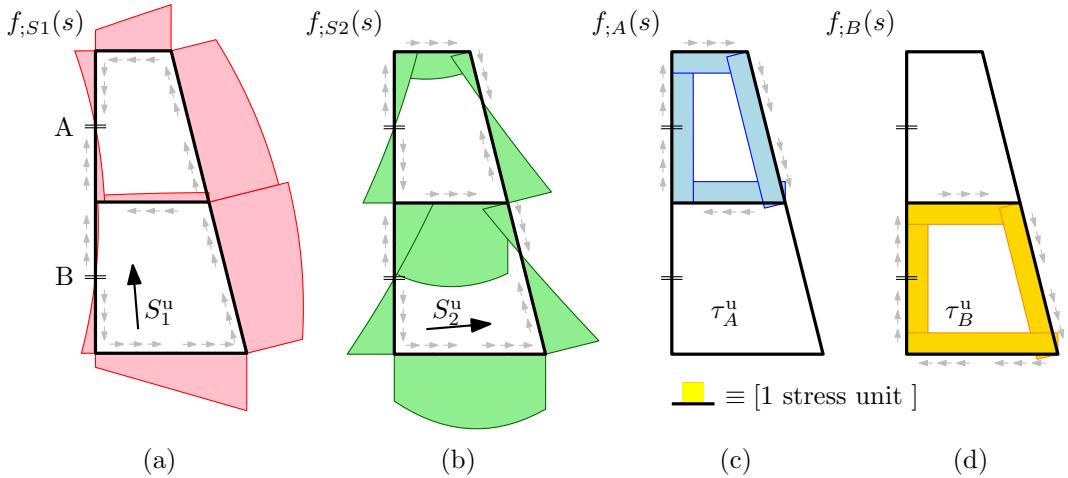
$$\bar{\tau}_{zi}t = \int_{A^*} \frac{d\sigma_z}{dz} dA, \quad (26)$$

$$\bar{\tau}_{zi} = \frac{1}{t} \int_t \tau_{zi} dr \quad (27)$$

$$\bar{\tau}_{zi}t = \int_{A^*} \left(\frac{yQ_y}{J_{xx}} + \frac{xQ_x}{J_{yy}} \right) dA = \frac{\bar{y}^* A^*}{J_{xx}} Q_y + \frac{\bar{x}^* A^*}{J_{yy}} Q_x, \quad (28)$$

$$\bar{\tau}_{zi}t = q_{zi} = \int_0^s \int_{-t/2}^{t/2} \frac{d\sigma_z}{dz} dr d\zeta \approx \int_0^s \frac{d\sigma_z}{dz} \Big|_{r=0} t d\zeta. \quad (29)$$

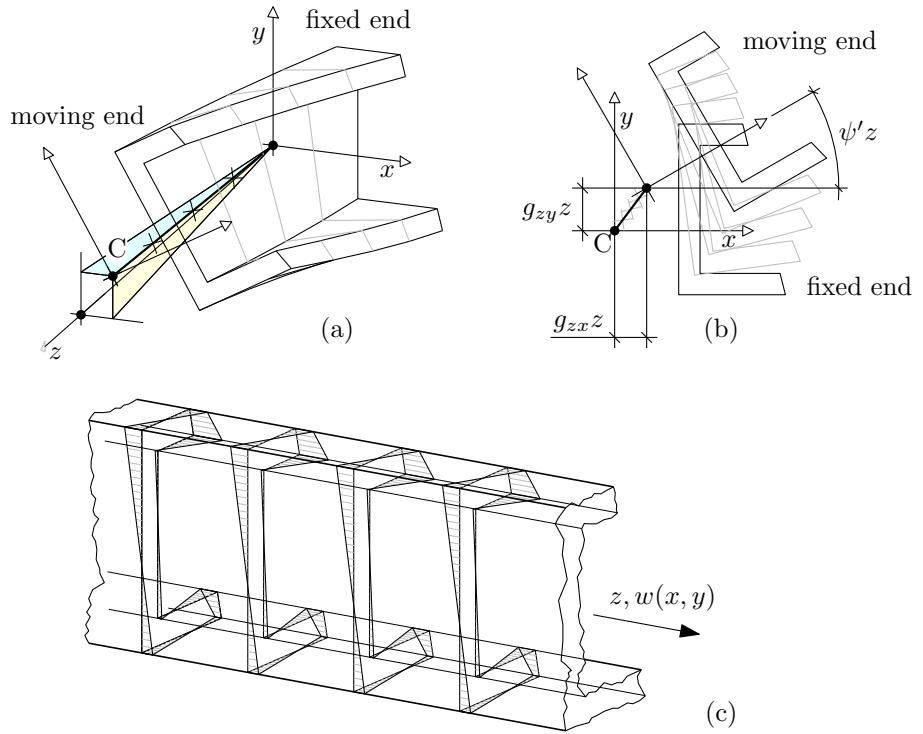
$$\bar{\tau}_{zi}(s)t(s) = q(s) = \int_a^s \frac{d\sigma_z}{dz} t d\zeta + \underbrace{\bar{\tau}_{zi}(a)t(a)}_{q_A}. \quad (30)$$



$$\tau(s) = \frac{Q_1}{\mathcal{A}} f_{;S1}(s) + \frac{Q_2}{\mathcal{A}} f_{;S2}(s) + \tau_A f_{;A}(s) + \tau_B f_{;B}(s) \quad (31)$$

$$\Delta U = \int_s \frac{\tau^2}{2G_{sz}} t \Delta z ds \quad (32)$$

$$\frac{\partial \Delta U}{\partial \bar{\tau}_i} = \bar{\delta}_i t \Delta z \quad (33)$$



$$K_t = \frac{4A^2}{\oint \frac{1}{t} dl} \quad (34)$$

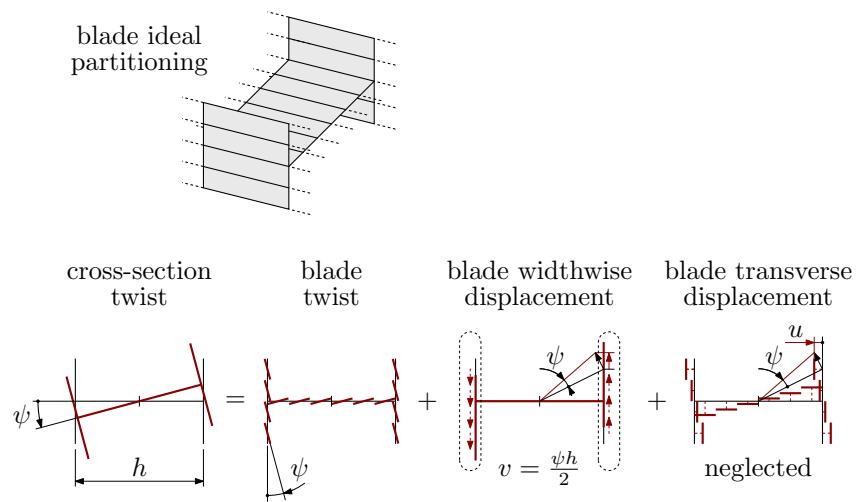
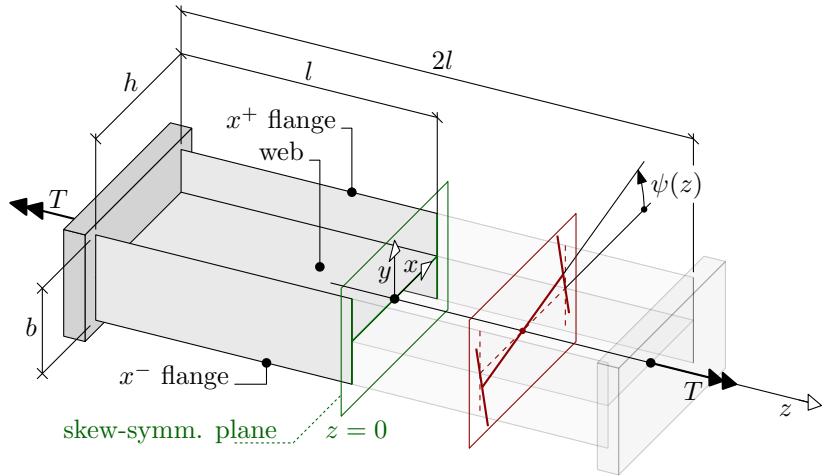
$$\tau_{\max} = \frac{M_t}{2t_{\min} A} \quad (35)$$

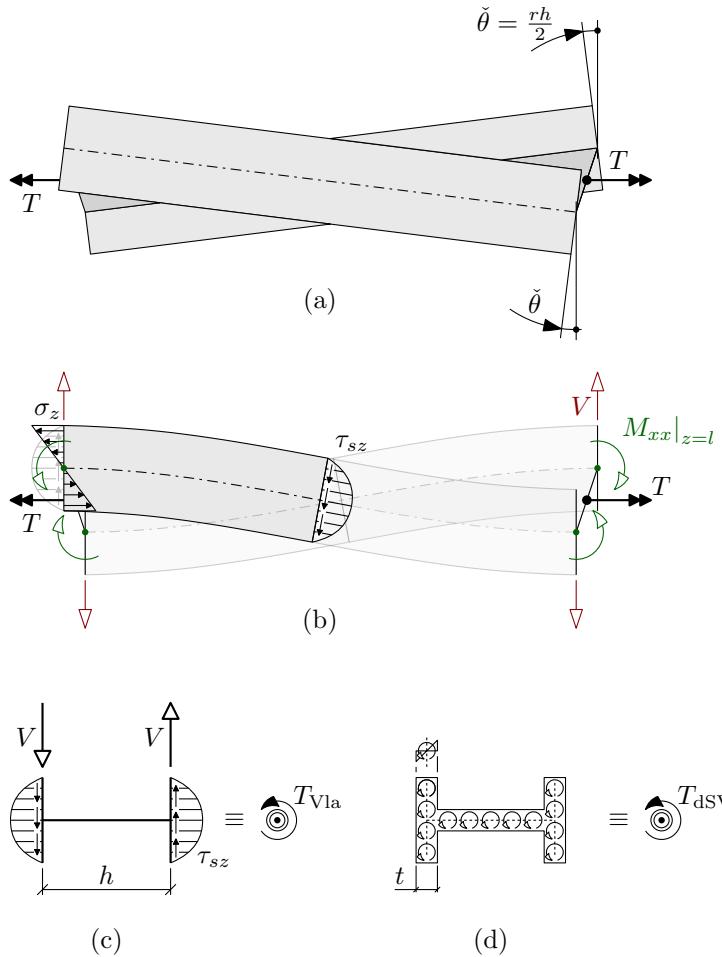
$$K_T \approx \frac{1}{3} \int_0^l t^3(s) ds \quad (36)$$

$$K_T \approx \frac{1}{3} \sum_i l_i t_i^3 \quad (37)$$

$$\tau_{\max} = \frac{M_t t_{\max}}{K_T} \quad (38)$$

$$V = \frac{dM_x}{dz}.$$



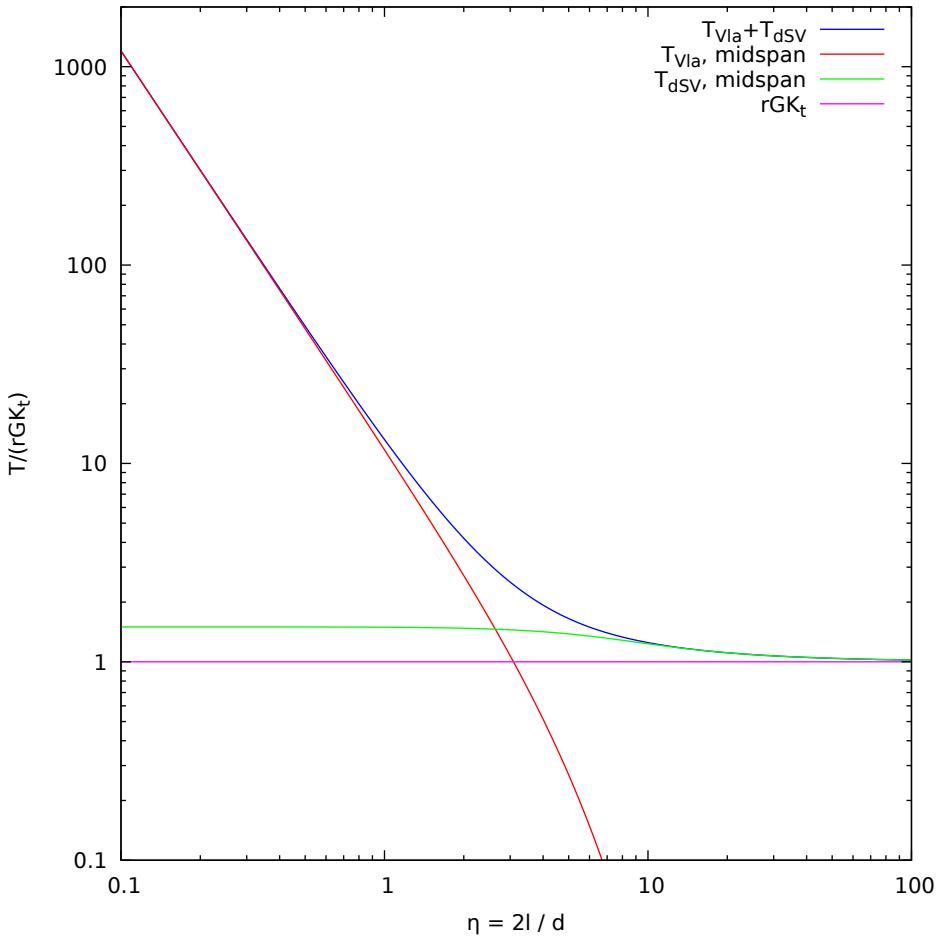


$$\begin{aligned}
T_{\text{Vla}} &= hV = h \frac{dM_x}{dz}; \\
M_x &= \frac{EJ_{xx}}{\rho_x} = -EJ_{xx} \frac{d^2v}{dz^2}, \quad EJ_{xx} = \frac{Eb^3t}{12} \\
T_{\text{Vla}} &= -h \overline{EJ}_{xx} \frac{d^3v}{dz^3}, \\
v &= \frac{h}{2} \psi, \\
T_{\text{Vla}} &= -\frac{h^2}{2} EJ_{xx} \frac{d^3\psi}{dz^3} = -EC_w \frac{d^3\psi}{dz^3} \\
EC_w &= EJ_{xx} \frac{h^2}{2} = \frac{Eb^3t h^2}{24} \\
T_{\text{dSV}} &= GK_t \frac{d\psi}{dz}, \\
d &= \sqrt{\frac{EC_w}{GK_t}}, \quad EC_w = d^2 GK_t \\
0 &= \frac{dT_{\text{dSV}}}{dz} + \frac{dT_{\text{Vla}}}{dz} = -EC_w \frac{d^4\psi}{dz^4} + GK_t \frac{d^2\psi}{dz^2} \\
0 &= -d^2 \frac{d^4\psi}{dz^4} + \frac{d^2\psi}{dz^2} \\
\psi(z) &= C_1 \sinh \frac{z}{d} + C_2 \cosh \frac{z}{d} + C_3 \frac{z}{d} + C_4 \tag{39} \\
B &= M_x \cdot h \\
B &= -EC_w \frac{d^2\psi}{dz^2}; \\
\{C_1, C_3\} &= rl \cdot \frac{\{-1, \cosh(\frac{l}{d})\}}{\frac{l}{d} \cosh(\frac{l}{d}) - \sinh(\frac{l}{d})} \tag{40} \\
\psi|_{z=l} &= rl, \quad \left. \frac{d\psi}{dz} \right|_{z=l} = 0.
\end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{T_{\text{Vla}} + T_{\text{dSV}}}{GK_t r} = \frac{\eta}{\eta - 2 \tanh(\frac{\eta}{2})} = S(\eta). \tag{41}$$

$$\eta_{i+1} = \eta_i + \frac{\bar{S} - S_i}{S'_i}, \quad S_i = S(\eta_i), \quad S'_i = \left. \frac{\partial S}{\partial \eta} \right|_{\eta=\eta_i}$$

$$\bar{d} = \frac{2\bar{l}}{\eta^*}.$$



$$q_i = \frac{\partial U}{\partial Q_i}$$

$$\frac{dU}{dl} = \frac{1}{2} \begin{pmatrix} N \\ M_x \\ M_y \\ Q_x \\ Q_y \\ M_t \end{pmatrix}^\top \begin{pmatrix} a_{1,1} & g_{1,2} & g_{1,3} & i_{1,4} & i_{1,5} & i_{1,6} \\ 0 & b_{2,2} & e_{2,3} & i_{2,4} & i_{2,5} & i_{2,6} \\ 0 & 0 & b_{3,3} & i_{3,4} & i_{3,5} & i_{3,6} \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & c_{4,4} & f_{4,5} & h_{4,6} \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & c_{5,5} & h_{5,6} \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & d_{6,6} \end{pmatrix}_{\text{Sym}} \begin{pmatrix} N \\ M_x \\ M_y \\ Q_x \\ Q_y \\ M_t \end{pmatrix}, \quad (42)$$

$$a_{1,1} = \frac{1}{EA} \quad \{b_{2,2}, b_{3,3}, e_{2,3}\} = \frac{\{J_{yy}, J_{xx}, 2J_{xy}\}}{E(J_{xx}J_{yy} - J_{xy}^2)}$$

$$d_{6,6} = \frac{1}{GK_t} \quad \{c_{4,4}, c_{5,5}, f_{4,5}\} = \frac{\{\chi_x, \chi_y, \chi_{xy}\}}{GA}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} e \\ \frac{1}{\rho_x} \\ \frac{1}{\rho_y} \\ g_x \\ g_y \\ \psi' \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} a_{1,1} & g_{1,2} & g_{1,3} & i_{1,4} & i_{1,5} & i_{1,6} \\ 0 & b_{2,2} & e_{2,3} & i_{2,4} & i_{2,5} & i_{2,6} \\ 0 & 0 & b_{3,3} & i_{3,4} & i_{3,5} & i_{3,6} \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & c_{4,4} & f_{4,5} & h_{4,6} \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & c_{5,5} & h_{5,6} \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & d_{6,6} \end{pmatrix}_{\text{Sym}} \begin{pmatrix} N \\ M_x \\ M_y \\ Q_x \\ Q_y \\ M_t \end{pmatrix}, \quad (43)$$

$$\begin{aligned}
u_P &= u + z(1 + \check{\epsilon}_z) \frac{\cos \theta}{\sqrt{1 - \sin^2 \phi \sin^2 \theta}} \sin \phi \\
v_P &= v - z(1 + \check{\epsilon}_z) \frac{\cos \phi}{\sqrt{1 - \sin^2 \phi \sin^2 \theta}} \sin \theta \\
w_P &= w + z \left((1 + \check{\epsilon}_z) \frac{\cos \phi \cos \theta}{\sqrt{1 - \sin^2 \phi \sin^2 \theta}} - 1 \right),
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
\check{\epsilon}_z(z) &= \frac{1}{z} \int_0^z \epsilon_z d\varsigma \\
&= \frac{1}{z} \int_0^z -\frac{\nu}{1-\nu} (\epsilon_x + \epsilon_y) d\varsigma,
\end{aligned}$$

$$u_P = u + z\phi \quad (44)$$

$$v_P = v - z\theta \quad (45)$$

$$w_P = w. \quad (46)$$

$$\frac{\partial w}{\partial x} = g_{zx} - \phi \quad (47)$$

$$\frac{\partial w}{\partial y} = g_{yz} + \theta \quad (48)$$

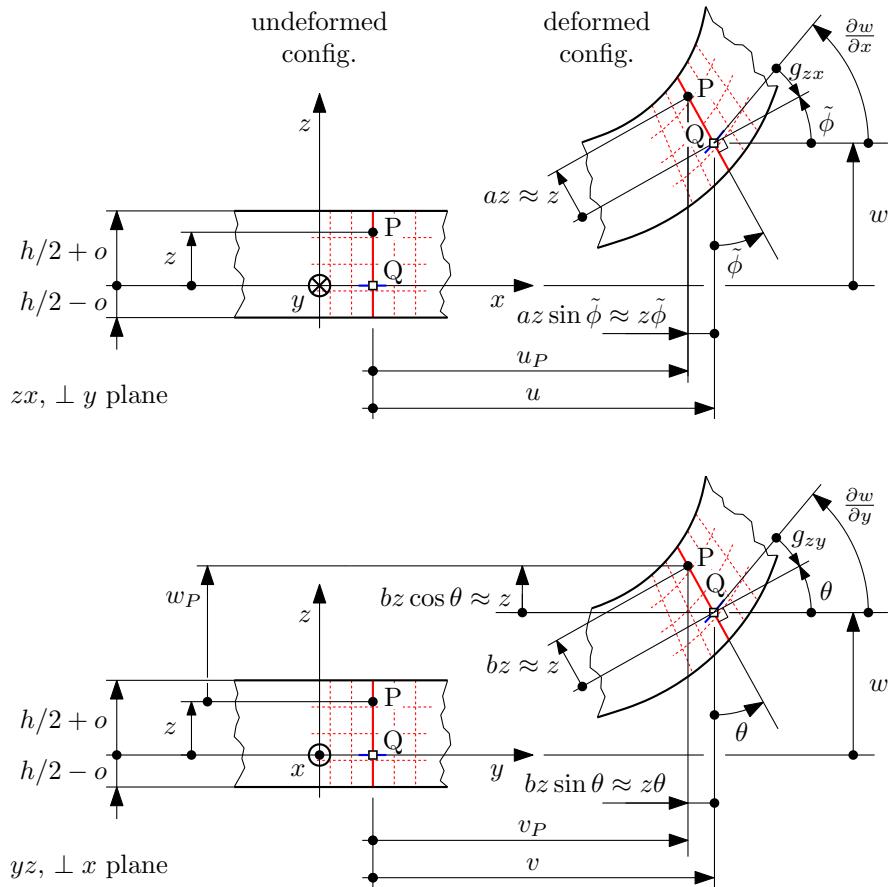
$$\epsilon_x = \frac{\partial u_P}{\partial x} = \frac{\partial u}{\partial x} + z \frac{\partial \phi}{\partial x} \quad (49)$$

$$\epsilon_y = \frac{\partial v_P}{\partial y} = \frac{\partial v}{\partial y} - z \frac{\partial \theta}{\partial y} \quad (50)$$

$$\gamma_{xy} = \frac{\partial u_P}{\partial y} + \frac{\partial v_P}{\partial x} \quad (51)$$

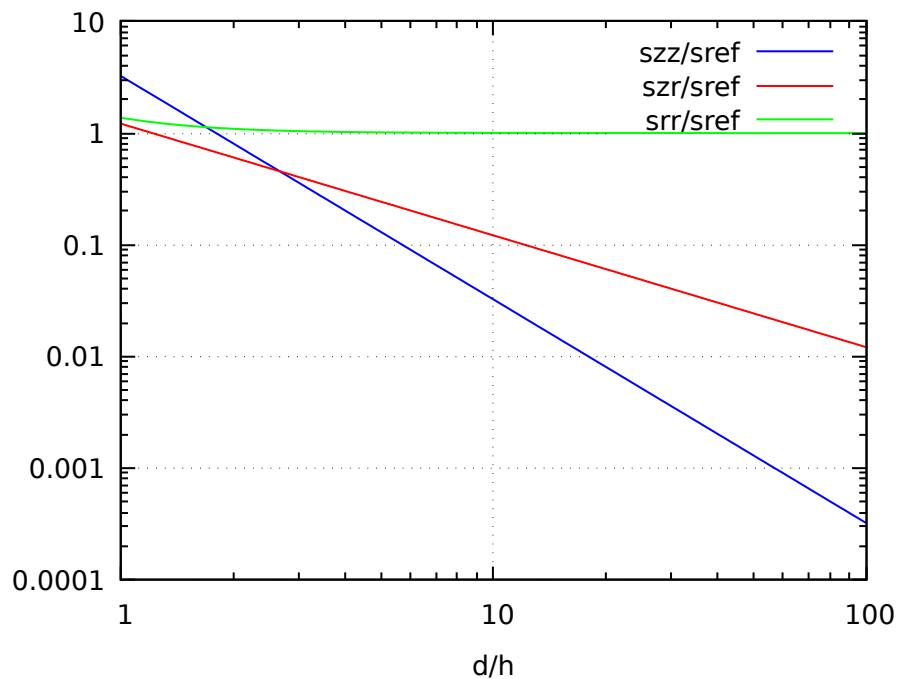
$$= \left(\frac{\partial u}{\partial y} + \frac{\partial v}{\partial x} \right) + z \left(+ \frac{\partial \phi}{\partial y} - \frac{\partial \theta}{\partial x} \right) \quad (52)$$

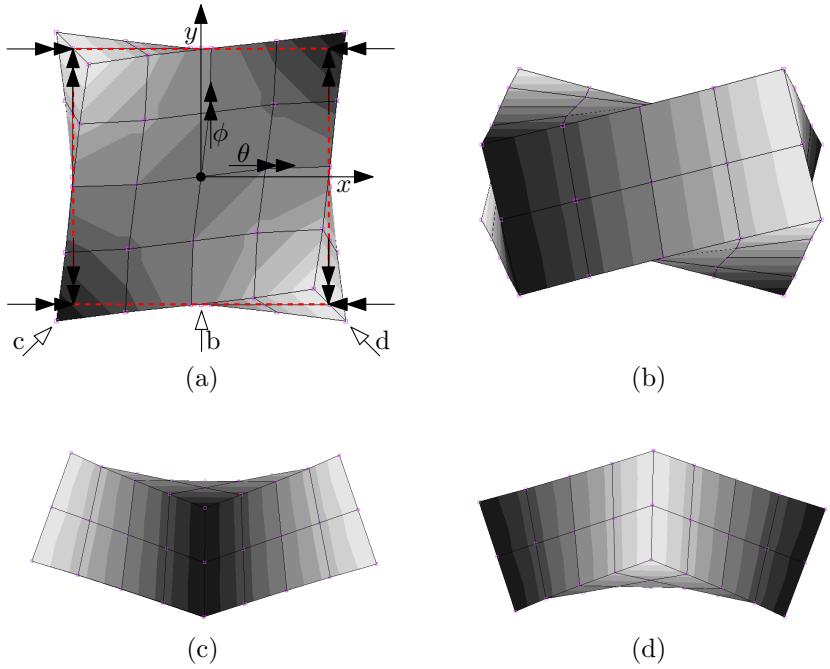
$$\underline{\mathbf{e}} = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{\partial u}{\partial x} \\ \frac{\partial v}{\partial y} \\ \frac{\partial u}{\partial y} + \frac{\partial v}{\partial x} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} e_x \\ e_y \\ g_{xy} \end{bmatrix} \equiv \underline{\mathbf{e}}_{\mathbf{Q}} \quad (53)$$



$$\{a, b\} = \frac{(1 + \bar{\epsilon})}{\sqrt{1 - \sin^2 \tilde{\phi} \sin^2 \theta}} \{\cos \theta, \cos \tilde{\phi}\} \approx 1$$

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$$\underline{\kappa} = \begin{bmatrix} +\frac{\partial \phi}{\partial x} \\ -\frac{\partial \theta}{\partial y} \\ +\frac{\partial \phi}{\partial y} - \frac{\partial \theta}{\partial x} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \kappa_x \\ \kappa_y \\ \kappa_{xy} \end{bmatrix} \quad (54)$$

$$\underline{\epsilon} P \equiv \underline{\epsilon} = \underline{\epsilon} e + z \underline{\kappa}. \quad (55)$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} \sigma_x \\ \sigma_y \\ \tau_{xy} \end{bmatrix} = \underline{\sigma} = \underline{\underline{D}} \underline{\epsilon} = \underline{\underline{D}} \underline{\epsilon} e + z \underline{\underline{D}} \underline{\kappa}, \quad (56)$$

$$\underline{\underline{D}} = \frac{E}{1-\nu^2} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & \nu & 0 \\ \nu & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & \frac{1-\nu}{2} \end{bmatrix}, \quad (57)$$

$$\epsilon_z = -\frac{\nu}{1-\nu} (\epsilon_x + \epsilon_y). \quad (58)$$

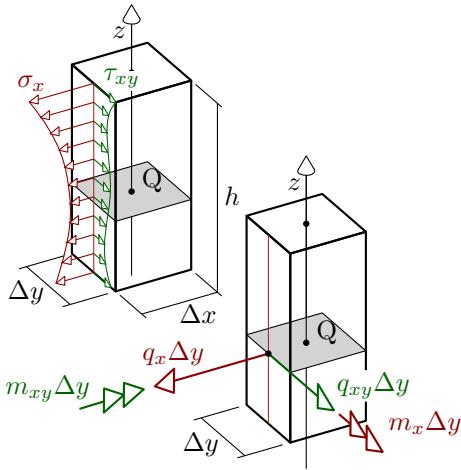


Figure 2: XXX

$$\begin{aligned}
 \underline{\mathbf{q}} &= \begin{bmatrix} q_x \\ q_y \\ q_{xy} \end{bmatrix} = \int_h \underline{\sigma} dz \\
 &= \underbrace{\int_h \underline{\underline{\mathbf{D}}} dz}_{\underline{\underline{\mathbf{a}}}} \underline{\mathbf{e}} + \underbrace{\int_h \underline{\underline{\mathbf{D}}} z dz}_{\underline{\underline{\mathbf{b}}}} \underline{\boldsymbol{\kappa}}
 \end{aligned} \tag{59}$$

$$\underline{\mathbf{q}}_z = \begin{bmatrix} q_{xz} \\ q_{yz} \end{bmatrix} \quad q_{xz} = \int_h \tau_{zx} dz \quad q_{yz} = \int_h \tau_{yz} dz. \tag{60}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \underline{\mathbf{m}} &= \begin{bmatrix} m_x \\ m_y \\ m_{xy} \end{bmatrix} = \int_h \underline{\sigma} z dz \\
 &= \underbrace{\int_h \underline{\underline{\mathbf{D}}} z dz}_{\underline{\underline{\mathbf{b}}} \equiv \underline{\underline{\mathbf{b}}}^T} \underline{\mathbf{e}} + \underbrace{\int_h \underline{\underline{\mathbf{D}}} z^2 dz}_{\underline{\underline{\mathbf{c}}}} \underline{\boldsymbol{\kappa}}.
 \end{aligned} \tag{61}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} \underline{\mathbf{q}} \\ \underline{\mathbf{m}} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \underline{\underline{\mathbf{a}}} & \underline{\underline{\mathbf{b}}} \\ \underline{\underline{\mathbf{b}}}^T & \underline{\underline{\mathbf{c}}} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \underline{\mathbf{e}} \\ \underline{\boldsymbol{\kappa}} \end{bmatrix} \tag{62}$$

$$v^\dagger = \frac{1}{2} \begin{bmatrix} \underline{\mathbf{q}} \\ \underline{\mathbf{m}} \end{bmatrix}^\top \begin{bmatrix} \underline{\mathbf{e}} \\ \underline{\boldsymbol{\kappa}} \end{bmatrix} \quad (63)$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \begin{bmatrix} \underline{\mathbf{e}} \\ \underline{\boldsymbol{\kappa}} \end{bmatrix}^\top \begin{bmatrix} \underline{\mathbf{a}}^T & \underline{\mathbf{b}}^T \\ \underline{\mathbf{b}} & \underline{\mathbf{c}} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \underline{\mathbf{e}} \\ \underline{\boldsymbol{\kappa}} \end{bmatrix}. \quad (64)$$

$$\underline{\mathbf{a}} = h \underline{\underline{\mathbf{D}}} \quad \underline{\mathbf{b}} = \underline{\underline{\mathbf{0}}} \quad \underline{\mathbf{c}} = \frac{h^3}{12} \underline{\underline{\mathbf{D}}},$$

$$\underline{\underline{\mathbf{g}}} z = \begin{bmatrix} g_{yz} \\ g_{zx} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\underline{\mathbf{q}} z = \begin{bmatrix} q_{xz} \\ q_{yz} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$v^\ddagger = \frac{1}{2} \underline{\underline{\mathbf{g}}} z^\top \underline{\mathbf{q}} z = \frac{1}{2} g_{xz} q_{xz} + \frac{1}{2} g_{yz} q_{yz}. \quad (65)$$

$$v^\ddagger = \frac{1}{2} \underline{\underline{\mathbf{g}}} z^\top \underbrace{\left[\chi \left(\frac{1}{h} \int_h \underline{\underline{\mathbf{G}}}^{-1} dz \right)^{-1} \right]}_{\underline{\Gamma}} \underline{\underline{\mathbf{g}}} z \quad (66)$$

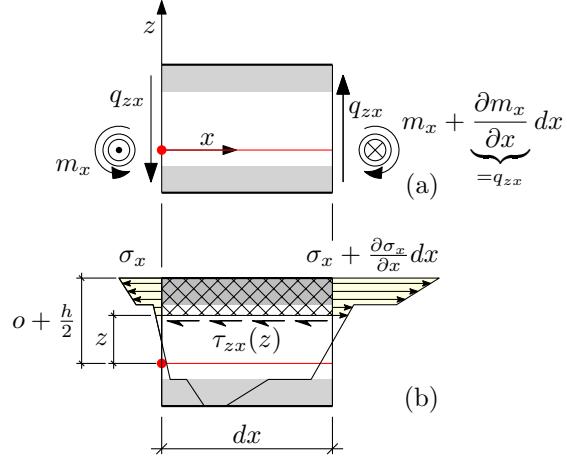
$$\begin{aligned} \underline{\underline{\mathbf{G}}} &= \frac{E}{2(1+\nu)} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}, \\ \underline{\mathbf{q}} z &= \underline{\Gamma} \underline{\underline{\mathbf{g}}} z. \end{aligned} \quad (67)$$

$$\tau_{zx}(z) = - \int_{-\frac{h}{2}+o}^z \frac{\partial \sigma_x}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial \tau_{xy}}{\partial y} dz = \int_z^{+o+\frac{h}{2}} \frac{\partial \sigma_x}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial \tau_{xy}}{\partial y} dz \quad (68)$$

$$\tau_{yz}(z) = - \int_{-\frac{h}{2}+o}^z \frac{\partial \tau_{xy}}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial \sigma_y}{\partial y} dz = \int_z^{+o+\frac{h}{2}} \frac{\partial \tau_{xy}}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial \sigma_y}{\partial y} dz. \quad (69)$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} \underline{\mathbf{q}} \\ \underline{\mathbf{m}} \\ \underline{\mathbf{q}} z \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \underline{\mathbf{a}}^T & \underline{\mathbf{b}}^T & \underline{\mathbf{0}} \\ \underline{\mathbf{b}} & \underline{\mathbf{c}} & \underline{\mathbf{0}} \\ \underline{\mathbf{0}} & \underline{\mathbf{0}} & \underline{\Gamma} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \underline{\mathbf{e}} \\ \underline{\boldsymbol{\kappa}} \\ \underline{\gamma}_z \end{bmatrix} \quad (70)$$

$$\underline{\underline{\mathbf{D}}}_{123} = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{E_1}{1-\nu_{12}\nu_{21}} & \frac{\nu_{21}E_1}{1-\nu_{12}\nu_{21}} & 0 \\ \frac{\nu_{12}E_2}{1-\nu_{12}\nu_{21}} & \frac{1-\nu_{12}\nu_{21}}{1-\nu_{12}\nu_{21}} & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & G_{12} \end{bmatrix} \quad (71)$$



$$\begin{bmatrix} \sigma_1 \\ \sigma_2 \\ \tau_{12} \end{bmatrix} = \underline{\underline{T}}_1 \begin{bmatrix} \sigma_x \\ \sigma_y \\ \tau_{xy} \end{bmatrix} \quad \begin{bmatrix} \epsilon_1 \\ \epsilon_2 \\ \gamma_{12} \end{bmatrix} = \underline{\underline{T}}_2 \begin{bmatrix} \epsilon_x \\ \epsilon_y \\ \gamma_{xy} \end{bmatrix} \quad (72)$$

$$\underline{\underline{T}}_1 = \begin{bmatrix} m^2 & n^2 & 2mn \\ n^2 & m^2 & -2mn \\ -mn & mn & m^2 - n^2 \end{bmatrix} \quad (73)$$

$$\underline{\underline{T}}_2 = \begin{bmatrix} m^2 & n^2 & mn \\ n^2 & m^2 & -mn \\ -2mn & 2mn & m^2 - n^2 \end{bmatrix} \quad (74)$$

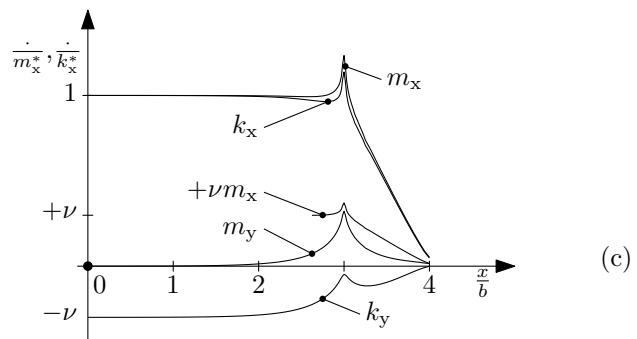
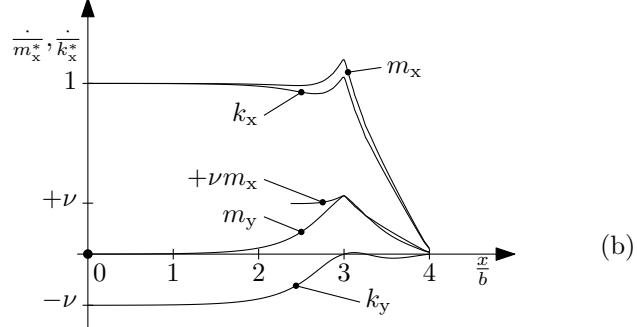
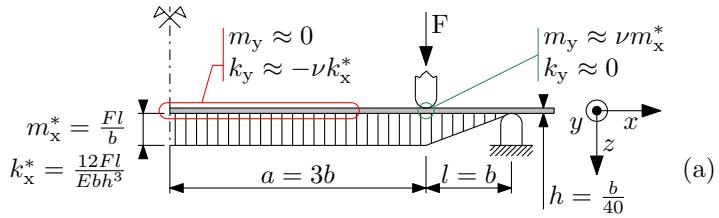
$$m = \cos(\alpha) \quad n = \sin(\alpha) \quad (75)$$

$$\underline{\underline{T}}_1^{-1}(+\alpha) = \underline{\underline{T}}_1(-\alpha) \quad \underline{\underline{T}}_2^{-1}(+\alpha) = \underline{\underline{T}}_2(-\alpha) \quad (76)$$

$$\underline{\underline{\sigma}} = \underline{\underline{D}} \underline{\underline{\epsilon}} \quad \underline{\underline{D}} \equiv \underline{\underline{D}}_{xyz} = \underline{\underline{T}}_1^{-1} \underline{\underline{D}}_{123} \underline{\underline{T}}_2 \quad (77)$$

$$\underline{\underline{G}} = \begin{bmatrix} n^2 G_{z1} + m^2 G_{2z} & mn G_{z1} - mn G_{2z} \\ mn G_{z1} - mn G_{2z} & m^2 G_{z1} + n^2 G_{2z} \end{bmatrix}.$$

$$k_x^* = \frac{12Fl}{Ebh^3} \quad (78)$$



$$m_x = m_x^* \quad m_y = 0 \quad \kappa_x = k_x^* \quad \kappa_y = -\nu k_x^*,$$

$$m_x = m_x^* \quad m_y = \nu m_x^* \quad \kappa_x = (1 - \nu^2) k_x^* \quad \kappa_y = 0.$$

$$g(y) \geq 0 \tag{79}$$

$$f(y) \geq 0 \tag{80}$$

$$g(y) \cdot f(y) = 0, \tag{81}$$

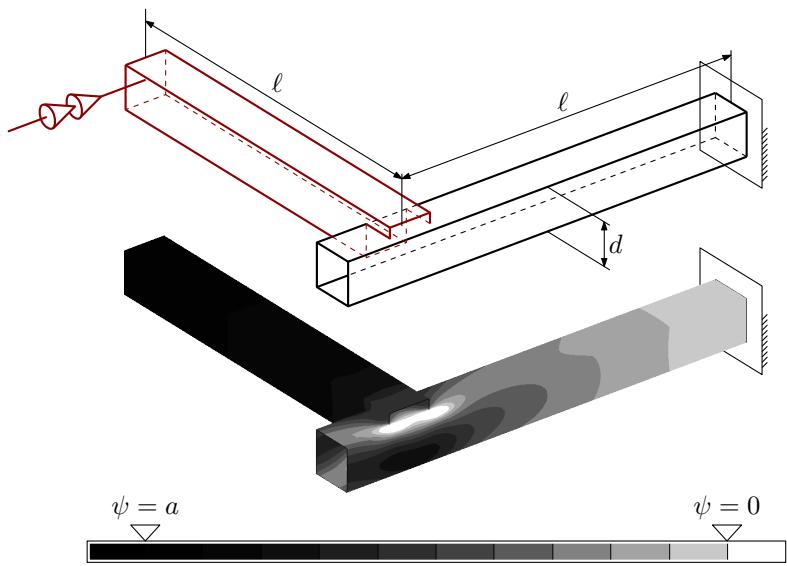


Figure 3: FIXME

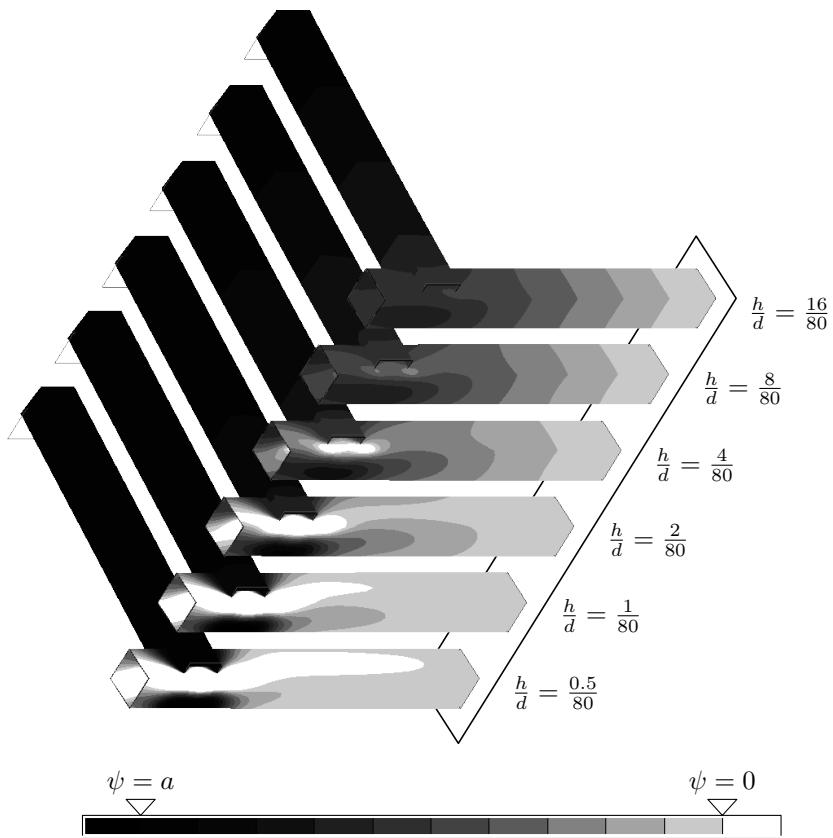


Figure 4: FIXME

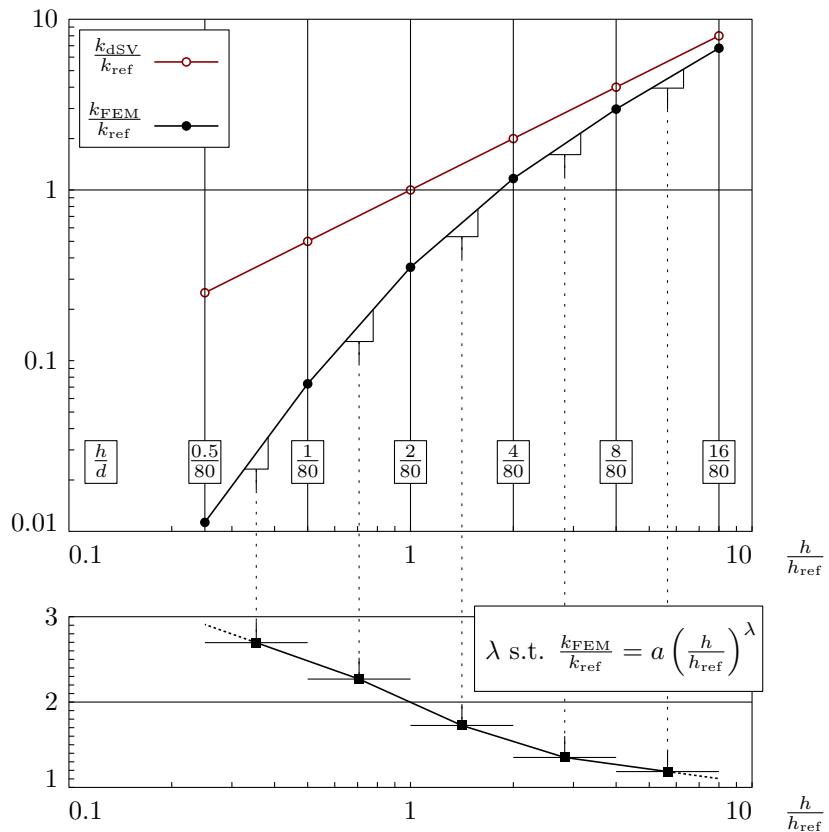


Figure 5: FIXME

$$f(\xi, \eta) \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} \sum_i N_i(\xi, \eta) f_i \quad (82)$$

$$N_i(\xi, \eta) \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} \frac{1}{4} (1 \pm \xi) (1 \pm \eta), \quad (83)$$

$$\frac{\partial f}{\partial \xi} = \underbrace{\left(\frac{f_2 - f_1}{2} \right)}_{[\Delta f / \Delta \xi]_{12}} \underbrace{\left(\frac{1 - \eta}{2} \right)}_{N_1 + N_2} + \underbrace{\left(\frac{f_3 - f_4}{2} \right)}_{[\Delta f / \Delta \xi]_{43}} \underbrace{\left(\frac{1 + \eta}{2} \right)}_{N_4 + N_3} = a\eta + b \quad (84)$$

$$\frac{\partial f}{\partial \eta} = \left(\frac{f_4 - f_1}{2} \right) \left(\frac{1 - \xi}{2} \right) + \left(\frac{f_3 - f_2}{2} \right) \left(\frac{1 + \xi}{2} \right) = c\xi + d. \quad (85)$$

$$f(\xi, \eta) = [N_1(\xi, \eta) \quad \cdots \quad N_i(\xi, \eta) \quad \cdots \quad N_n(\xi, \eta)] \begin{bmatrix} f_1 \\ \vdots \\ f_i \\ \vdots \\ f_n \end{bmatrix} = \underline{\underline{N}}(\xi, \eta) \underline{f}, \quad (86)$$

$$\underline{x}(\underline{\xi}) = \underline{m}(\underline{\xi}) = \sum_{i=1}^4 N_i(\underline{\xi}) \underline{x}_i, \quad (87)$$

$$\underline{m}(\underline{\xi}) = \begin{bmatrix} x(\xi, \eta) \\ y(\xi, \eta) \end{bmatrix}$$

$$x(\xi, \eta) = \sum_{i=1}^4 N_i(\xi, \eta) x_i \quad y(\xi, \eta) = \sum_{i=1}^4 N_i(\xi, \eta) y_i.$$

$$f(\xi, \eta) \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} \sum_i N_i(\xi, \eta) f_i \quad (88)$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} \frac{\partial f}{\partial \xi} \\ \frac{\partial f}{\partial \eta} \end{bmatrix} = \underbrace{\begin{bmatrix} \frac{\partial x}{\partial \xi} & \frac{\partial y}{\partial \xi} \\ \frac{\partial x}{\partial \eta} & \frac{\partial y}{\partial \eta} \end{bmatrix}}_{\underline{\underline{J}}^\top(\xi, \eta; \underline{x}_i)} \begin{bmatrix} \frac{\partial f}{\partial x} \\ \frac{\partial f}{\partial y} \end{bmatrix} \quad (89)$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} \frac{\partial f}{\partial \xi} \\ \frac{\partial f}{\partial \eta} \end{bmatrix} = \sum_i \begin{bmatrix} \frac{\partial N_i}{\partial \xi} \\ \frac{\partial N_i}{\partial \eta} \end{bmatrix} f_i. \quad (90)$$

$$\underline{\underline{J}}^\top(\xi, \eta) = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{\partial x}{\partial \xi} & \frac{\partial y}{\partial \xi} \\ \frac{\partial x}{\partial \eta} & \frac{\partial y}{\partial \eta} \end{bmatrix} \quad (91)$$

$$= \sum_i \left(\begin{bmatrix} \frac{\partial N_i}{\partial \xi} & 0 \\ \frac{\partial N_i}{\partial \eta} & 0 \end{bmatrix} x_i + \begin{bmatrix} 0 & \frac{\partial N_i}{\partial \xi} \\ 0 & \frac{\partial N_i}{\partial \eta} \end{bmatrix} y_i \right) \quad (92)$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} \frac{\partial f}{\partial x} \\ \frac{\partial f}{\partial y} \end{bmatrix} = (\underline{\underline{J}}^\top)^{-1} \begin{bmatrix} \cdots & \frac{\partial N_i}{\partial \xi} & \cdots \\ \cdots & \frac{\partial N_i}{\partial \eta} & \cdots \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \vdots \\ f_i \\ \vdots \end{bmatrix} \quad (93)$$

$$= \underbrace{(\underline{\underline{J}}^\top)^{-1} \begin{bmatrix} \frac{\partial N_i}{\partial \xi} \\ \frac{\partial N_i}{\partial \eta} \end{bmatrix}}_{\underline{\underline{L}}(\xi, \eta; \underline{x}_i), \text{ or just } \underline{\underline{L}}(\xi, \eta)} \underline{f} \quad (94)$$

$$\int_{-1}^1 f(\xi) d\xi \approx \sum_{i=1}^n f(\xi_i) w_i; \quad (95)$$

$$p(\xi) \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} a_m \xi^m + a_{m-1} \xi^{m-1} + \dots + a_1 \xi + a_0$$

$$\int_{-1}^1 p(\xi) d\xi = \sum_{j=0}^m \frac{(-1)^j + 1}{j+1} a_j$$

$$r(a_j, (\xi_i, w_i)) \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} \sum_{i=1}^n p(\xi_i) w_i - \int_{-1}^1 p(\xi) d\xi \quad (96)$$

$$\left\{ \frac{\partial r(a_j, (\xi_i, w_i))}{\partial a_j} = 0, \quad j = 0 \dots m \right. \quad (97)$$

$$\int_a^b g(x) dx = \int_{-1}^1 g(m(\xi)) \frac{dm}{d\xi} d\xi \approx \sum_{i=1}^n g(m(\xi_i)) \left. \frac{dm}{d\xi} \right|_{\xi=\xi_i} w_i. \quad (98)$$

$$m(x) = \underbrace{\left(\frac{1-\xi}{2} \right)}_{N_1} a + \underbrace{\left(\frac{1+\xi}{2} \right)}_{N_2} b.$$

$$\frac{dm}{d\xi} = \frac{dN_1}{d\xi}a + \frac{dN_2}{d\xi}b = \frac{b-a}{2}$$

$$\int_a^b g(x)dx \approx \frac{b-a}{2} \sum_{i=1}^n g\left(\frac{b+a}{2} + \frac{b-a}{2}\xi_i\right) w_i. \quad (99)$$

$$\int_{-1}^1 \int_{-1}^1 f(\xi, \eta) d\xi d\eta \approx \sum_{i=1}^p \sum_{j=1}^q f(\xi_i, \eta_j) w_i w_j \quad (100)$$

$$\int_{-1}^1 \int_{-1}^1 f(\xi, \eta) d\xi d\eta \approx \sum_{l=1}^{pq} f(\underline{\xi}_l) w_l \quad (101)$$

$$\underline{\xi}_l = (\xi_i, \eta_j), \quad w_l = w_i w_j, \quad l = 1 \dots pq \quad (102)$$

$$dA_{xy} = \frac{1}{2!} \begin{vmatrix} 1 & x(\xi_P, \eta_P) & y(\xi_P, \eta_P) \\ 1 & x(\xi_P + d\xi, \eta_P) & y(\xi_P + d\xi, \eta_P) \\ 1 & x(\xi_P + d\xi, \eta_P + d\eta) & y(\xi_P + d\xi, \eta_P + d\eta) \end{vmatrix} + \\ + \frac{1}{2!} \begin{vmatrix} 1 & x(\xi_P + d\xi, \eta_P + d\eta) & y(\xi_P + d\xi, \eta_P + d\eta) \\ 1 & x(\xi_P, \eta_P + d\eta) & y(\xi_P, \eta_P + d\eta) \\ 1 & x(\xi_P, \eta_P) & y(\xi_P, \eta_P) \end{vmatrix}. \quad (103)$$

$$\mathcal{A} = \frac{1}{2!} \begin{vmatrix} 1 & x_1 & y_1 \\ 1 & x_2 & y_2 \\ 1 & x_3 & y_3 \end{vmatrix}, \quad \mathcal{H} = \frac{1}{n!} \begin{vmatrix} 1 & \underline{x}_1 \\ 1 & \underline{x}_2 \\ \vdots & \vdots \\ 1 & \underline{x}_{n+1} \end{vmatrix} \quad (104)$$

$$dA_{xy} \approx \frac{1}{2!} \begin{vmatrix} 1 & x & y \\ 1 & x + x_{,\xi}d\xi & y + y_{,\xi}d\xi \\ 1 & x + x_{,\xi}d\xi + x_{,\eta}d\eta & y + y_{,\xi}d\xi + y_{,\eta}d\eta \end{vmatrix} + \\ + \frac{1}{2!} \begin{vmatrix} 1 & x + x_{,\xi}d\xi + x_{,\eta}d\eta & y + y_{,\xi}d\xi + y_{,\eta}d\eta \\ 1 & x + x_{,\eta}d\eta & y + y_{,\eta}d\eta \\ 1 & x & y \end{vmatrix}$$

$$dA_{xy} = \frac{1}{2} \begin{vmatrix} 1 & x & y \\ 0 & x_{,\xi} & y_{,\xi} \\ 0 & x_{,\eta} & y_{,\eta} \end{vmatrix} d\xi d\eta + \frac{1}{2} \begin{vmatrix} 0 & x_{,\xi} & y_{,\xi} \\ 0 & x_{,\eta} & y_{,\eta} \\ 1 & x & y \end{vmatrix} d\xi d\eta$$

$$dA_{xy} = \frac{1}{2} \begin{vmatrix} x,\xi & y,\xi \\ x,\eta & y,\eta \end{vmatrix} d\xi d\eta + \frac{1}{2} \begin{vmatrix} x,\xi & y,\xi \\ x,\eta & y,\eta \end{vmatrix} d\xi d\eta$$

$$dA_{xy} = \underbrace{\begin{vmatrix} x,\xi & y,\xi \\ x,\eta & y,\eta \end{vmatrix}}_{|J^T(\xi_P, \eta_P; \underline{x}, \underline{y})|} dA_{\xi\eta} \quad (105)$$

$$\iint_{A_{xy}} g(x, y) dA_{xy} = \int_{-1}^1 \int_{-1}^1 g(x(\xi, \eta), y(\xi, \eta)) |J(\xi, \eta)| d\xi d\eta, \quad (106)$$

$$\iint_{A_{xy}} g(\underline{x}) dA_{xy} \approx \sum_{l=1}^{pq} g(\underline{x}(\underline{\xi}_l)) |J(\underline{\xi}_l)| w_l \quad (107)$$

$$dA_{xyz} = \sqrt{\begin{vmatrix} x,\xi & x,\eta \\ y,\xi & y,\eta \end{vmatrix}^2 + \begin{vmatrix} y,\xi & y,\eta \\ z,\xi & z,\eta \end{vmatrix}^2 + \begin{vmatrix} z,\xi & z,\eta \\ x,\xi & x,\eta \end{vmatrix}^2} d\xi d\eta \quad (108)$$

$$\underline{L}(\xi, \eta; \underline{x}_i) \approx \dots \quad (109)$$

This is a four-node, thick-shell element with global displacements and rotations as degrees of freedom. Bilinear interpolation is used for the coordinates, displacements and the rotations. The membrane strains are obtained from the displacement field; the curvatures from the rotation field. The transverse shear strains are calculated at the middle of the edges and interpolated to the integration points. In this way, a very efficient and simple element is obtained which exhibits correct behavior in the limiting case of thin shells. The element can be used in curved shell analysis as well as in the analysis of complicated plate structures. For the latter case, the element is easy to use since connections between intersecting plates can be modeled without tying. Due to its simple formulation when compared to the standard higher order shell elements, it is less expensive and, therefore, very attractive in nonlinear analysis. The element is not very sensitive to distortion, particularly if the corner nodes lie in the same plane. All constitutive relations can be used with this element.

— MSC.Marc 2013.1 Documentation, vol. B, Element library.

$$\begin{bmatrix} X(\xi, \eta) \\ Y(\xi, \eta) \\ Z(\xi, \eta) \end{bmatrix} = \sum_{i=1}^n N_i(\xi, \eta) \begin{bmatrix} X_i \\ Y_i \\ Z_i \end{bmatrix}, \quad \begin{bmatrix} x(\xi, \eta) \\ y(\xi, \eta) \\ z(\xi, \eta) \end{bmatrix} = \sum_{i=1}^n N_i(\xi, \eta) \begin{bmatrix} x_i \\ y_i \\ z_i \end{bmatrix} \quad (110)$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} u(\xi, \eta) \\ v(\xi, \eta) \\ w(\xi, \eta) \end{bmatrix} = \sum_{i=1}^4 N_i(\xi, \eta) \begin{bmatrix} u_i \\ v_i \\ w_i \end{bmatrix} \quad (111)$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} \theta(\xi, \eta) \\ \phi(\xi, \eta) \\ \psi(\xi, \eta) \end{bmatrix} = \sum_{i=1}^4 N_i(\xi, \eta) \begin{bmatrix} \theta_i \\ \phi_i \\ \psi_i \end{bmatrix} \quad (112)$$

$$\begin{aligned}\underline{\mathbf{u}} &= \begin{bmatrix} \vdots \\ u_i \\ \vdots \end{bmatrix} & \underline{\mathbf{v}} &= \begin{bmatrix} \vdots \\ v_i \\ \vdots \end{bmatrix} & \underline{\mathbf{w}} &= \begin{bmatrix} \vdots \\ w_i \\ \vdots \end{bmatrix} \\ \underline{\boldsymbol{\theta}} &= \begin{bmatrix} \vdots \\ \theta_i \\ \vdots \end{bmatrix} & \underline{\boldsymbol{\phi}} &= \begin{bmatrix} \vdots \\ \phi_i \\ \vdots \end{bmatrix} & \underline{\boldsymbol{\psi}} &= \begin{bmatrix} \vdots \\ \psi_i \\ \vdots \end{bmatrix}\end{aligned}$$

$$u(\xi, \eta) = \underline{\underline{\mathbf{N}}}(\xi, \eta) \underline{\mathbf{u}} \quad v(\xi, \eta) = \underline{\underline{\mathbf{N}}}(\xi, \eta) \underline{\mathbf{v}} \quad \underline{\mathbf{d}}^\top = [\underline{\mathbf{u}}^\top \quad \underline{\mathbf{v}}^\top \quad \underline{\mathbf{w}}^\top \quad \underline{\boldsymbol{\theta}}^\top \quad \underline{\boldsymbol{\phi}}^\top \quad \underline{\boldsymbol{\psi}}^\top] \quad (113)$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} \frac{\partial u}{\partial x} \\ \frac{\partial u}{\partial y} \end{bmatrix} = (\underline{\underline{\mathbf{J}}}')^{-1} \underbrace{\begin{bmatrix} \cdots & \frac{\partial N_i}{\partial \xi} & \cdots \\ \cdots & \frac{\partial N_i}{\partial \eta} & \cdots \end{bmatrix}}_{\underline{\underline{\mathbf{L}}}(\xi, \eta; \underline{\mathbf{x}}_i) \text{ or just } \underline{\underline{\mathbf{L}}}(\xi, \eta)} \begin{bmatrix} \vdots \\ u_i \\ \vdots \end{bmatrix} \quad (114)$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} \frac{\partial u}{\partial x} \\ \frac{\partial u}{\partial y} \\ \frac{\partial v}{\partial x} \\ \frac{\partial v}{\partial y} \end{bmatrix} = \underbrace{\begin{bmatrix} \underline{\underline{\mathbf{L}}}(\xi, \eta) & 0 \\ 0 & \underline{\underline{\mathbf{L}}}(\xi, \eta) \end{bmatrix}}_{\underline{\underline{\mathbf{Q}}}(\xi, \eta)} \begin{bmatrix} \underline{\mathbf{u}} \\ \underline{\mathbf{v}} \end{bmatrix} \quad (115)$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} \frac{\partial \theta}{\partial x} \\ \frac{\partial \theta}{\partial y} \\ \frac{\partial \phi}{\partial x} \\ \frac{\partial \phi}{\partial y} \end{bmatrix} = \underline{\underline{\mathbf{Q}}}(\xi, \eta) \begin{bmatrix} \underline{\boldsymbol{\theta}} \\ \underline{\boldsymbol{\phi}} \end{bmatrix} \quad (116)$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} e_x \\ e_y \\ g_{xy} \end{bmatrix} = \underbrace{\begin{bmatrix} +1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & +1 \\ 0 & +1 & +1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}}_{\underline{\underline{\mathbf{H}}}' } \begin{bmatrix} \frac{\partial u}{\partial x} \\ \frac{\partial u}{\partial y} \\ \frac{\partial v}{\partial x} \\ \frac{\partial v}{\partial y} \end{bmatrix} = \underline{\underline{\mathbf{H}}}' \underline{\underline{\mathbf{Q}}}(\xi, \eta) \begin{bmatrix} \underline{\mathbf{u}} \\ \underline{\mathbf{v}} \end{bmatrix} \quad (117)$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} \kappa_x \\ \kappa_y \\ \kappa_{xy} \end{bmatrix} = \underbrace{\begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & +1 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 & 0 & 0 \\ -1 & 0 & 0 & +1 \end{bmatrix}}_{\underline{\underline{\mathbf{H}}}''} \begin{bmatrix} \frac{\partial \theta}{\partial x} \\ \frac{\partial \theta}{\partial y} \\ \frac{\partial \phi}{\partial x} \\ \frac{\partial \phi}{\partial y} \end{bmatrix} = \underline{\underline{\mathbf{H}}}'' \underline{\underline{\mathbf{Q}}}(\xi, \eta) \begin{bmatrix} \underline{\boldsymbol{\theta}} \\ \underline{\boldsymbol{\phi}} \end{bmatrix} \quad (118)$$

$$\underline{e} = \underbrace{\begin{bmatrix} \underline{\underline{H}}' \underline{\underline{Q}}(\xi, \eta) & \underline{0} & \underline{0} & \underline{0} & \underline{0} \end{bmatrix}}_{\underline{\underline{B}}_e(\xi, \eta)} \underline{d} \quad (119)$$

$$\underline{\kappa} = \underbrace{\begin{bmatrix} \underline{0} & \underline{0} & \underline{0} & \underline{\underline{H}}'' \underline{\underline{Q}}(\xi, \eta) & \underline{0} \end{bmatrix}}_{\underline{\underline{B}}_\kappa(\xi, \eta)} \underline{d}. \quad (120)$$

$$\underline{\epsilon}(\xi, \eta, z) = (\underline{\underline{B}}_e(\xi, \eta) + z \underline{\underline{B}}_\kappa(\xi, \eta)) \underline{d}; \quad (121)$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} g_{zx} \\ g_{yz} \end{bmatrix} = \underline{\underline{L}}(\xi, \eta) \underline{w} + \begin{bmatrix} \underline{0} & +\underline{\underline{N}}(\xi, \eta) \\ -\underline{\underline{N}}(\xi, \eta) & \underline{0} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \underline{\theta} \\ \underline{\phi} \end{bmatrix}, \quad (122)$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} g_{zx} \\ g_{yz} \end{bmatrix} = \underbrace{\begin{bmatrix} \underline{0} & \underline{0} & \underline{\underline{L}}(\xi, \eta) & 0 & \underline{\underline{N}}(\xi, \eta) & \underline{0} \end{bmatrix}}_{\underline{\underline{B}}_\gamma(\xi, \eta)} \underline{d} \quad (123)$$

$$\underline{d}^\top = [\underline{u}^\top \quad \underline{v}^\top \quad \underline{w}^\top \quad \underline{\theta}^\top \quad \underline{\phi}^\top \quad \underline{\psi}^\top] \quad (124)$$

$$\underline{G}^\top = [\underline{U}^\top \quad \underline{V}^\top \quad \underline{W}^\top \quad \underline{\Theta}^\top \quad \underline{\Phi}^\top \quad \underline{\Psi}^\top] \quad (125)$$

$$\delta \Upsilon_e = \delta \underline{d}^\top \underline{G}. \quad (126)$$

$$\underline{\sigma} = \underline{\underline{D}}(z) (\underline{\underline{B}}_e(\xi, \eta) + \underline{\underline{B}}_\kappa(\xi, \eta)z) \underline{d} \quad (127)$$

$$\delta \underline{\epsilon} = (\underline{\underline{B}}_e(\xi, \eta) + \underline{\underline{B}}_\kappa(\xi, \eta)z) \delta \underline{d} \quad (128)$$

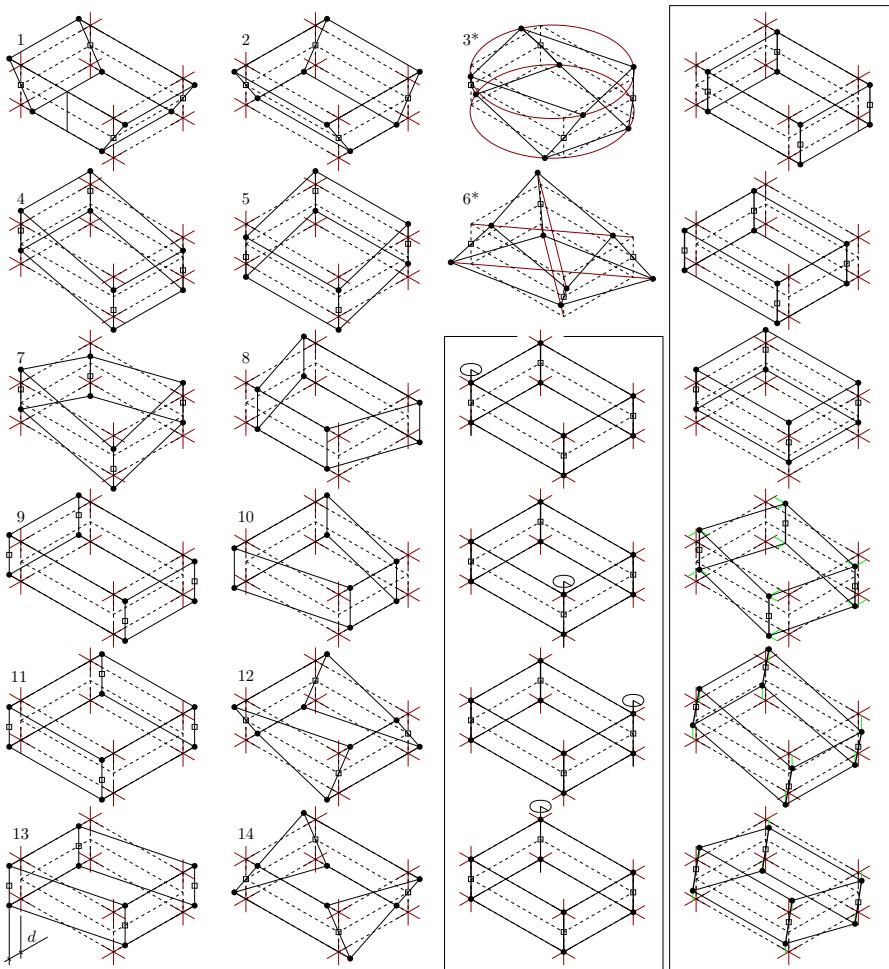
$$\underline{q} = (\underline{a} \underline{\underline{B}}_e(\xi, \eta) + \underline{b} \underline{\underline{B}}_\kappa(\xi, \eta)) \underline{d} \quad (129)$$

$$\underline{m} = (\underline{b}^\top \underline{\underline{B}}_e(\xi, \eta) + \underline{c} \underline{\underline{B}}_\kappa(\xi, \eta)) \underline{d}, \quad (130)$$

$$\delta \underline{e} = \underline{\underline{B}}_e(\xi, \eta) \delta \underline{d} \quad (131)$$

$$\delta \underline{\kappa} = \underline{\underline{B}}_\kappa(\xi, \eta) \delta \underline{d}, \quad (132)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \delta \Upsilon_i^\dagger &= \iint_{\mathcal{A}} \int_h \delta \underline{\epsilon}^\top \underline{\sigma} dz d\mathcal{A} \\ &= \iint_{\mathcal{A}} \int_h ((\underline{\underline{B}}_e + \underline{\underline{B}}_\kappa z) \delta \underline{d})^\top \underline{\underline{D}} (\underline{\underline{B}}_e + \underline{\underline{B}}_\kappa z) \underline{d} dz d\mathcal{A} \\ &= \delta \underline{d}^\top \left[\iint_{\mathcal{A}} \int_h (\underline{\underline{B}}_e^\top + \underline{\underline{B}}_\kappa^\top z) \underline{\underline{D}} (\underline{\underline{B}}_e + \underline{\underline{B}}_\kappa z) dz d\mathcal{A} \right] \underline{d} \\ &= \delta \underline{d}^\top \underline{\underline{K}}^\dagger \underline{d}, \end{aligned} \quad (133)$$



rectangular plate element $2a \cdot 2b$, thickness h
nodal displacements magnitude d ,
 $x = a\xi$, $y = b\eta$, $-\frac{h}{2} \leq z \leq \frac{h}{2}$

$$\begin{aligned}
\delta \Upsilon_i^\dagger &= \iint_{\mathcal{A}} (\delta \underline{e}^\top \underline{q} + \delta \underline{\kappa}^\top \underline{m}) d\mathcal{A} \\
&= \delta \underline{d}^\top \left[\iint_{\mathcal{A}} \begin{bmatrix} \underline{\underline{B}}^e \\ \underline{\underline{B}}^\kappa \end{bmatrix}^\top \begin{bmatrix} \underline{\underline{a}} & \underline{\underline{b}} \\ \underline{\underline{b}}^\top & \underline{\underline{c}} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \underline{\underline{B}}^e \\ \underline{\underline{B}}^\kappa \end{bmatrix} d\mathcal{A} \right] \underline{d} \\
&= \delta \underline{d}^\top \underline{\underline{K}}^\dagger \underline{d},
\end{aligned} \tag{134}$$

$$\{\underline{\underline{a}}, \underline{\underline{b}}, \underline{\underline{c}}\} = \int_h \underline{\underline{D}} \{1, z, z^2\} dz,$$

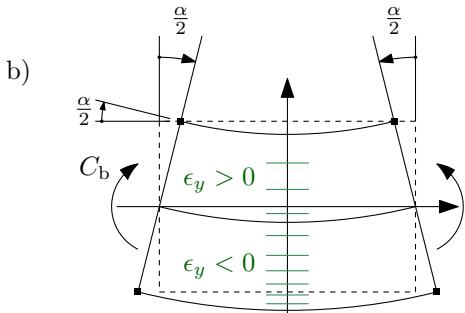
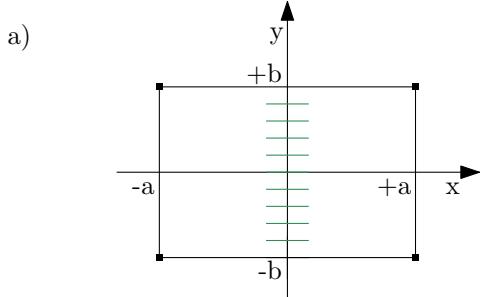
$$\begin{aligned}
&\iiint_{\Omega} g(\xi, \eta, x, y, z) d\Omega = \\
&= \int_{-1}^{+1} \int_{-1}^{+1} \int_{-\frac{h}{2}+o}^{+\frac{h}{2}+o} g(\xi, \eta, x(\xi, \eta), y(\xi, \eta), z) dz | \underline{\underline{J}}(\xi, \eta) | d\xi d\eta,
\end{aligned} \tag{135}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
\delta \Upsilon_i^\ddagger &= \iint_{\mathcal{A}} \delta \underline{\gamma}_z^\top \underline{q}_z d\mathcal{A} \\
&= \delta \underline{d}^\top \left[\iint_{\mathcal{A}} \underline{\underline{B}}_\gamma^\top \underline{\Gamma} \underline{\underline{B}}_\gamma d\mathcal{A} \right] \underline{d} \\
&= \delta \underline{d}^\top \underline{\underline{K}}^\ddagger \underline{d}.
\end{aligned} \tag{136}$$

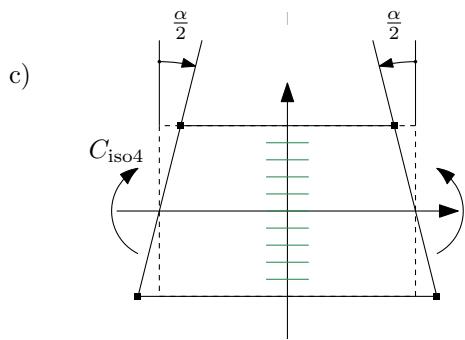
$$\begin{aligned}
\delta \Upsilon_i &= \delta \Upsilon_i^\dagger + \delta \Upsilon_i^\ddagger \\
&= \delta \underline{d}^\top \left(\underline{\underline{K}}^\dagger + \underline{\underline{K}}^\ddagger \right) \underline{d} \\
&= \delta \underline{d}^\top \underline{\underline{K}} \underline{d}.
\end{aligned} \tag{137}$$

$$\delta \underline{d}^\top \underline{G} = \delta \Upsilon_e = \delta \Upsilon_i = \delta \underline{d}^\top \underline{\underline{K}} \underline{d}, \quad \forall \delta \underline{d}, \tag{138}$$

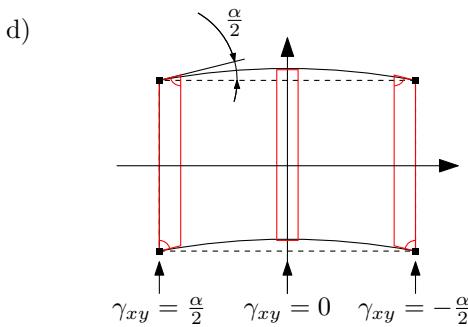
$$\underline{G} = \underline{\underline{K}} \underline{d}; \tag{139}$$



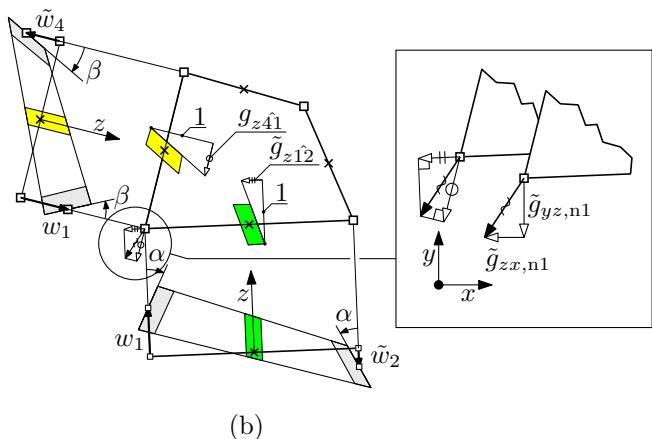
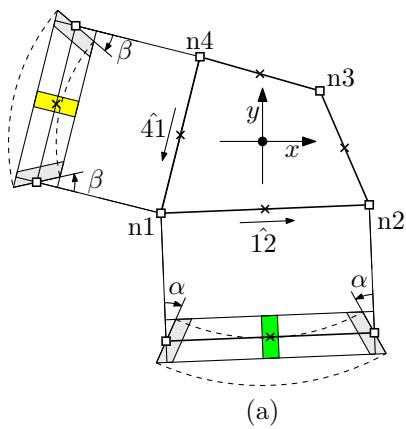
$$\begin{aligned}\epsilon_x &= -\frac{\alpha y}{2a} \\ \epsilon_y &= \epsilon_z = \nu \frac{\alpha y}{2a} \\ \gamma_{xy} &= 0 \\ u &= \frac{\alpha^2 E y^2}{8a^2}\end{aligned}$$

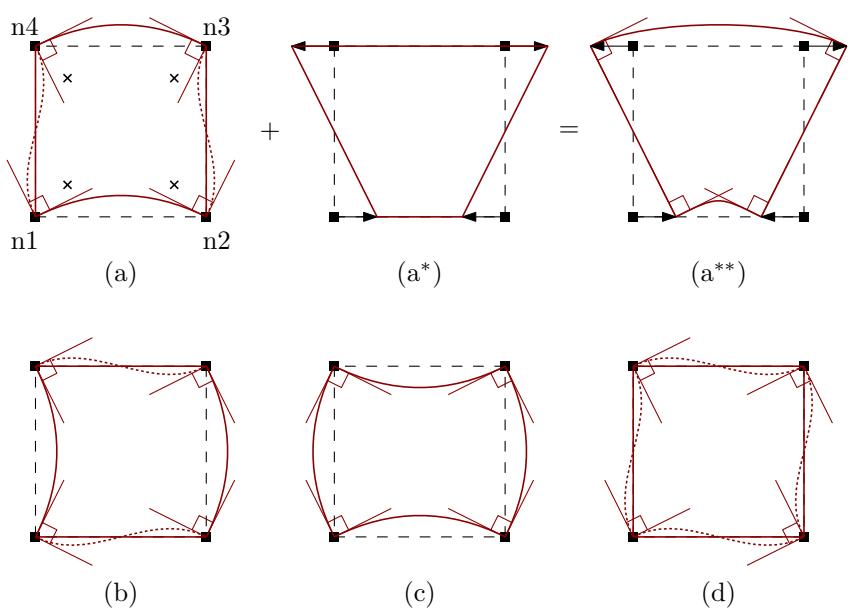


$$\begin{aligned}\epsilon_x &= -\frac{\alpha y}{2a} \\ \epsilon_y &= 0, \epsilon_z = \frac{\nu}{1-\nu} \frac{\alpha y}{2a} \\ \gamma_{xy} &= -\frac{\alpha x}{2a} \\ u &= \left(1 + \frac{\nu^2}{1-\nu^2}\right) \frac{E \alpha^2 y^2}{8a^2} + \frac{G \alpha^2 x^2}{8a^2}\end{aligned}$$



$$\begin{aligned}\frac{C_{iso4}}{C_b} &= \frac{1 + \frac{1-\nu}{2} \left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^2}{1-\nu^2} \\ &\approx 1.48 \text{ if } \nu = 0.3, \frac{a}{b} = 1\end{aligned}$$





$$\underline{\underline{S}}(\xi, \eta, z) = \begin{bmatrix} \dots & \hat{u}_i(\xi, \eta, z) & \dots \\ \dots & \hat{v}_i(\xi, \eta, z) & \dots \\ \dots & \hat{w}_i(\xi, \eta, z) & \dots \end{bmatrix} \quad (140)$$

$$\underline{u}(\xi, \eta, z) = \underline{\underline{S}}(\xi, \eta, z) \underline{d}. \quad (141)$$

$$\dot{\underline{u}}(\xi, \eta, z) = \underline{\underline{S}}(\xi, \eta, z) \dot{\underline{d}} \quad (142)$$

$$E_{\text{kin}} = \frac{1}{2} \iiint_{\Omega} \dot{\underline{u}}^T \dot{\underline{u}} \rho d\Omega \quad (143)$$

$$E_{\text{kin}} = \frac{1}{2} \iiint_{\Omega} \left[\underline{\underline{S}}^T \dot{\underline{d}} \right]^T \left[\underline{\underline{S}} \dot{\underline{d}} \right] \rho d\Omega, \quad (144)$$

$$E_{\text{kin}} = \frac{1}{2} \dot{\underline{d}}^T \left[\iiint_{\Omega} \underline{\underline{S}}^T \underline{\underline{S}} \rho d\Omega \right] \dot{\underline{d}} = \frac{1}{2} \dot{\underline{d}}^T \underline{\underline{M}} \dot{\underline{d}}. \quad (145)$$

$$\underline{\underline{M}} = \iiint_{\Omega} \underline{\underline{S}}^T \underline{\underline{S}} \rho d\Omega, \quad (146)$$

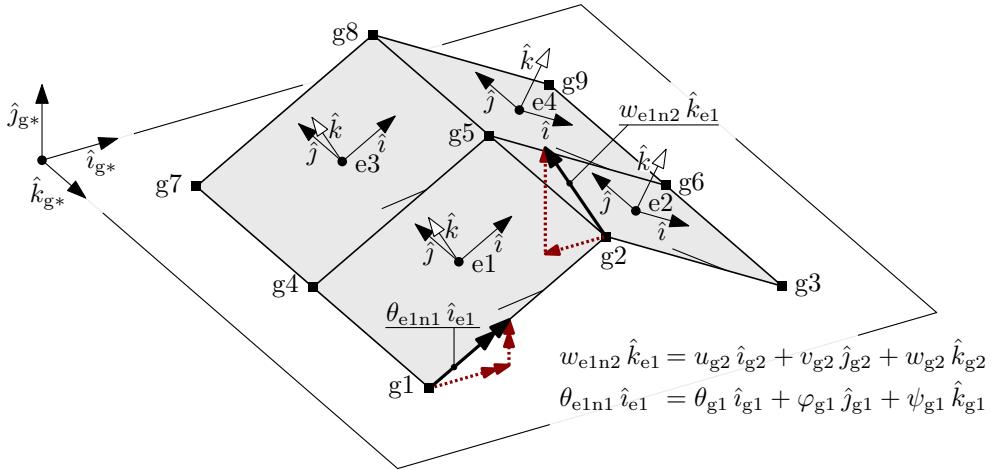
$$\begin{aligned} \dot{\underline{d}}^T \underline{G} &= \frac{dE_{\text{kin}}}{dt} = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{1}{2} \dot{\underline{d}}^T \underline{\underline{M}} \dot{\underline{d}} \right) \\ &= \frac{1}{2} \left(\ddot{\underline{d}}^T \underline{\underline{M}} \dot{\underline{d}} + \dot{\underline{d}}^T \underline{\underline{M}} \ddot{\underline{d}} \right) \\ &= \dot{\underline{d}}^T \underline{\underline{M}} \ddot{\underline{d}}. \end{aligned}$$

$$\underline{G} = \underline{\underline{M}} \ddot{\underline{d}} \quad (147)$$

$$\delta \underline{u}(\xi, \eta, z) = \underline{\underline{S}}(\xi, \eta, z) \delta \underline{d}, \quad (148)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \delta \underline{d}^T \underline{F} &= \iiint_{\Omega} (\delta \underline{u})^T \underline{p} d\Omega \\ &= \iiint_{\Omega} (\underline{\underline{S}} \delta \underline{d})^T \underline{p} d\Omega \\ &= \delta \underline{d}^T \iiint_{\Omega} \underline{\underline{S}}^T \underline{p} d\Omega, \end{aligned}$$

$$\underline{F} = \iiint_{\Omega} \underline{\underline{S}}^T \underline{p} d\Omega \quad (149)$$



$$\underline{G}_{ej} = \underline{\underline{K}}_{ej} \underline{d}_{ej} \quad (150)$$

$$\underline{d}_{gl} = \begin{bmatrix} u_{gl} \\ v_{gl} \\ w_{gl} \\ \theta_{gl} \\ \varphi_{gl} \\ \psi_{gl} \end{bmatrix}. \quad (151)$$

$$\underline{d}_g^\top = [\underline{d}_{g1}^\top \quad \underline{d}_{g2}^\top \quad \dots \quad \underline{d}_{gl}^\top \quad \dots \quad \underline{d}_{gn}^\top] \quad (152)$$

$$\underline{F}_g^\top = [\underline{F}_{g1}^\top \quad \underline{F}_{g2}^\top \quad \dots \quad \underline{F}_{gl}^\top \quad \dots \quad \underline{F}_{gn}^\top]; \quad (153)$$

$$\underline{R}_g^\top = [\underline{R}_{g1}^\top \quad \underline{R}_{g2}^\top \quad \dots \quad \underline{R}_{gl}^\top \quad \dots \quad \underline{R}_{gn}^\top] \quad (154)$$

$$w_{e1n2} = \langle \hat{k}_{e1}, \hat{i}_{g2} \rangle u_{g2} + \langle \hat{k}_{e1}, \hat{j}_{g2} \rangle v_{g2} + \langle \hat{k}_{e1}, \hat{k}_{g2} \rangle w_{g2} \quad (155)$$

$$\theta_{e1n1} = \langle \hat{i}_{e1}, \hat{i}_{g1} \rangle \theta_{g1} + \langle \hat{i}_{e1}, \hat{j}_{g1} \rangle \phi_{g1} + \langle \hat{i}_{e1}, \hat{k}_{g1} \rangle \psi_{g1} \quad (156)$$

$$\begin{aligned} [\underline{\underline{P}}_{e1}]_{10,7} &= \langle \hat{k}_{e1}, \hat{i}_{g2} \rangle & [\underline{\underline{P}}_{e1}]_{13,4} &= \langle \hat{i}_{e1}, \hat{i}_{g1} \rangle \\ [\underline{\underline{P}}_{e1}]_{10,8} &= \langle \hat{k}_{e1}, \hat{j}_{g2} \rangle & [\underline{\underline{P}}_{e1}]_{13,5} &= \langle \hat{i}_{e1}, \hat{j}_{g1} \rangle \\ [\underline{\underline{P}}_{e1}]_{10,9} &= \langle \hat{k}_{e1}, \hat{k}_{g2} \rangle & [\underline{\underline{P}}_{e1}]_{13,6} &= \langle \hat{i}_{e1}, \hat{k}_{g1} \rangle, \end{aligned}$$

node	X	Y	Z
g1	$-ac$	0	$+a$
g2	0	$+as$	$+a$
g3	$+ac$	0	$+a$
g4	$-ac$	0	0
g5	0	$+as$	0
g6	$+ac$	0	0
g7	$-ac$	0	$-a$
g8	0	$+as$	$-a$
g9	$+ac$	0	$-a$

	u_{ni}	v_{ni}	w_{ni}	θ_{ni}	φ_{ni}	ψ_{ni}
U_{ni}						
V_{ni}						
W_{ni}						
Θ_{ni}						
Φ_{ni}						
Ψ_{ni}						
$i = 1 \dots 4$						

	n1	n2	n3	n4
e1	g1	g2	g5	g4
e2	g2	g3	g6	g5
e3	g4	g5	g8	g7
e4	g5	g6	g9	g8

<u>P</u> _{e1}	<u>d</u> _{g1}	<u>d</u> _{g2}	<u>d</u> _{g3}	<u>d</u> _{g4}	<u>d</u> _{g5}	<u>d</u> _{g6}	<u>d</u> _{g7}	<u>d</u> _{g8}	<u>d</u> _{g9}
u_{e1ni}	■	■			■				
v_{e1ni}	■	■			■				
w_{e1ni}	■	■			■				
θ_{e1ni}		■			■				
φ_{e1ni}		■			■				
ψ_{e1ni}		■			■				

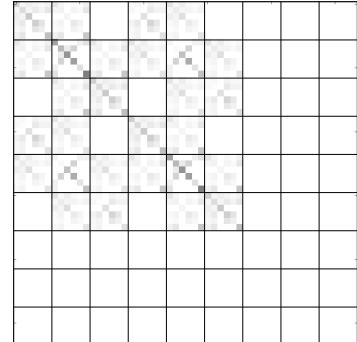
<u>P</u> _{e2}	<u>d</u> _{g1}	<u>d</u> _{g2}	<u>d</u> _{g3}	<u>d</u> _{g4}	<u>d</u> _{g5}	<u>d</u> _{g6}	<u>d</u> _{g7}	<u>d</u> _{g8}	<u>d</u> _{g9}
u_{e2ni}		■	■			■			
v_{e2ni}		■	■			■			
w_{e2ni}		■	■		■	■			
θ_{e2ni}		■	■		■	■			
φ_{e2ni}			■		■		■		
ψ_{e2ni}		■	■		■	■			

<u>P</u> _{e3}	<u>d</u> _{g1}	<u>d</u> _{g2}	<u>d</u> _{g3}	<u>d</u> _{g4}	<u>d</u> _{g5}	<u>d</u> _{g6}	<u>d</u> _{g7}	<u>d</u> _{g8}	<u>d</u> _{g9}
u_{e3ni}			■		■		■		
v_{e3ni}				■	■		■		
w_{e3ni}			■	■	■		■		
θ_{e3ni}				■	■		■		
φ_{e3ni}				■	■			■	
ψ_{e3ni}				■	■		■	■	

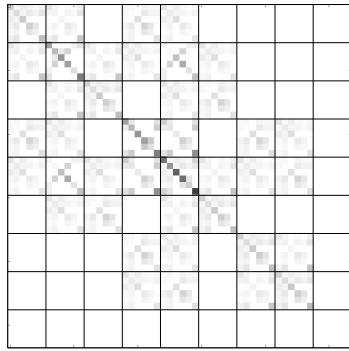
<u>P</u> _{e4}	<u>d</u> _{g1}	<u>d</u> _{g2}	<u>d</u> _{g3}	<u>d</u> _{g4}	<u>d</u> _{g5}	<u>d</u> _{g6}	<u>d</u> _{g7}	<u>d</u> _{g8}	<u>d</u> _{g9}
u_{e4ni}				■	■	■		■	
v_{e4ni}					■	■		■	
w_{e4ni}				■	■	■		■	
θ_{e4ni}					■	■		■	
φ_{e4ni}				■	■	■		■	
ψ_{e4ni}					■	■		■	

	d_{g1}	d_{g2}	d_{g3}	d_{g4}	d_{g5}	d_{g6}	d_{g7}	d_{g8}	d_{g9}
F_{g1}	■								
F_{g2}		■							
F_{g3}			■						
F_{g4}				■					
F_{g5}					■				
F_{g6}						■			
F_{g7}							■		
F_{g8}								■	
F_{g9}									■

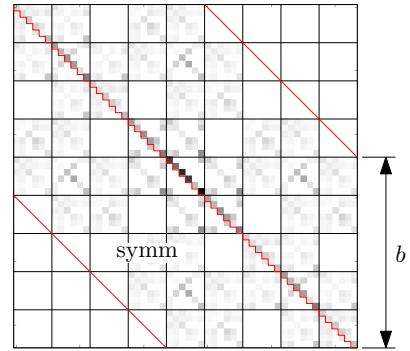
(a)



(b)



(c)



(d)

$$\underline{d}_{ej} = \underline{\underline{P}}_{ej} \underline{d}_g, \quad \forall j. \quad (157)$$

$$\underline{G}_{ej} = \underline{\underline{K}}_{ej} \underline{\underline{P}}_{ej} \underline{d}_g, \quad \forall j; \quad (158)$$

$$\delta \underline{d}_g^\top \underline{G}_{g \leftarrow ej} = (\underline{\underline{P}}_{ej} \delta \underline{d}_g)^\top \underline{G}_{ej}, \quad \forall \delta \underline{d}_g \quad (159)$$

$$\underline{G}_{g \leftarrow ej} = \underline{\underline{P}}_{ej}^\top \underline{G}_{ej} \quad (160)$$

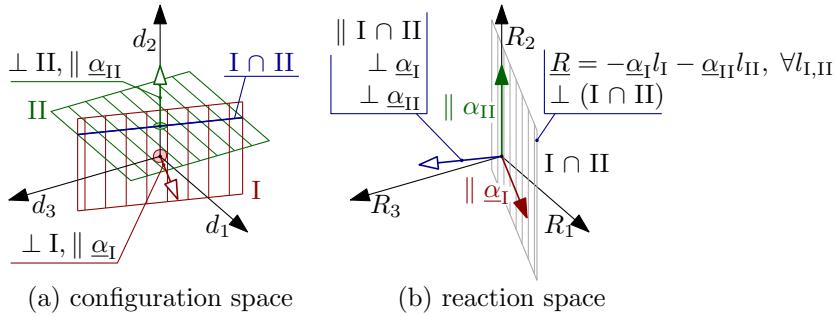
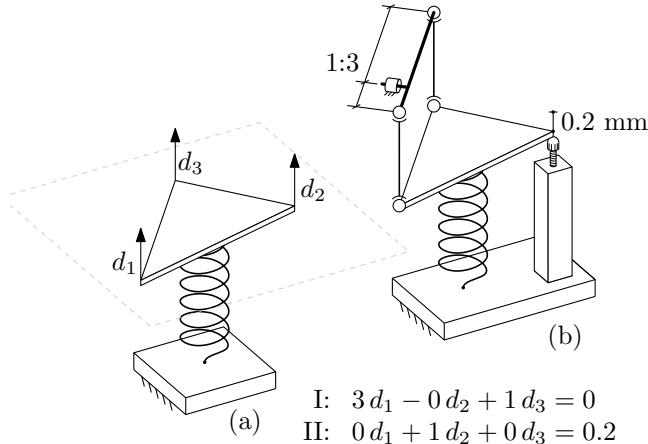
$$\underline{G}_{g \leftarrow ej} = \underline{\underline{P}}_{ej}^\top \underline{\underline{K}}_{ej} \underline{\underline{P}}_{ej} \underline{d}_g; \quad (161)$$

$$\underline{G}_g = \sum_j \underline{G}_{g \leftarrow ej} = \left(\sum_j \underbrace{\underline{\underline{P}}_{ej}^\top \underline{\underline{K}}_{ej} \underline{\underline{P}}_{ej}}_{\underline{\underline{K}}_{g \leftarrow ej}} \right) \underline{d}_g = \underline{\underline{K}}_g \underline{d}_g, \quad (162)$$

$$b_{ej} = (i_{\max} - i_{\min} + 1) l, \quad (163)$$

$$b = \max_{ej} b_{ej} \quad (164)$$

$$\underline{F}_g = \sum_j \underline{\underline{P}}_{ej}^\top \underline{F}_{ej}; \quad (165)$$



$$\sum_i \alpha_{ji} d_i = \underline{\alpha}_j^\top \underline{d} = \beta_j$$

$$\begin{aligned}\underline{\alpha}_I^\top &= [3 \quad 0 \quad 1] & \beta_I &= 0 \\ \underline{\alpha}_{II}^\top &= [0 \quad 1 \quad 0] & \beta_{II} &= 0.2\end{aligned}$$

$$\underline{\Lambda} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ -3 \end{bmatrix} \quad \Delta = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0.2 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} ..$$

$$\sum_i \alpha_{ji} d_i = \underline{\alpha}_j^\top \underline{d} = \beta_j, \quad j = 1 \dots m \quad (166)$$

$$\underline{\underline{\mathcal{L}}}^\top \underline{\mathbf{d}} = \underline{\beta}. \quad (167)$$

$$\underline{\underline{\mathcal{L}}}^\top \delta \underline{\mathbf{d}} = \underline{0}, \quad (168)$$

$$\underline{\mathbf{R}} = -\underline{\underline{\mathcal{L}}} \underline{\ell}, \quad (169)$$

$$\underline{\mathbf{R}}^j = - \begin{bmatrix} \vdots \\ \alpha_{ji} \\ \vdots \end{bmatrix} \ell_j \quad (170)$$

$$\underline{\underline{\mathbf{K}}} \underline{\mathbf{d}} = \underline{\mathbf{F}} + \underline{\mathbf{R}}. \quad (171)$$

$$\underline{\underline{\mathbf{K}}} \underline{\mathbf{d}} + \underline{\underline{\mathcal{L}}} \underline{\ell} = \underline{\mathbf{F}}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} \underline{\underline{\mathbf{K}}} & \underline{\underline{\mathcal{L}}} \\ \underline{\underline{\mathcal{L}}}^\top & \underline{0} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \underline{\mathbf{d}} \\ \underline{\ell} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \underline{\mathbf{F}} \\ \underline{\beta} \end{bmatrix}, \quad (172)$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \underline{\mathbf{d}}^\top \underline{\underline{\mathbf{K}}} \underline{\mathbf{d}} - \underline{\mathbf{d}}^\top \underline{\mathbf{F}} + \underline{\ell}^\top (\underline{\underline{\mathcal{L}}}^\top \underline{\mathbf{d}} - \underline{\beta}), \quad (173)$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \underline{\mathbf{d}}^\top \underline{\underline{\mathbf{K}}} \underline{\mathbf{d}} - \underline{\mathbf{d}}^\top \underline{\mathbf{F}}$$

$$\underline{\underline{\mathcal{L}}}^\top \underline{\mathbf{d}} - \underline{\beta} = \underline{0}$$

$$\underline{\mathbf{R}} = -\underline{\underline{\mathcal{L}}} \underline{\ell}^*.$$

$$d_k \equiv t_j = \sum_{i \neq k} \left(-\frac{\alpha_{ji}}{\alpha_{jk}} \right) d_i + \left(\frac{\beta_j}{\alpha_{jk}} \right), \quad j = 1 \dots m \quad (174)$$

$$\underline{\underline{\mathbf{A}}} \underline{\mathbf{t}} + (-\underline{\underline{\mathbf{B}}}) \underline{\mathbf{r}} = \underline{\beta} \quad \Rightarrow \quad \underline{\underline{\mathbf{A}}} \underline{\mathbf{t}} = \underline{\underline{\mathbf{B}}} \underline{\mathbf{r}} + \underline{\beta},$$

$$\underline{\mathbf{t}} = [\underline{\underline{\mathbf{A}}}^{-1} \underline{\underline{\mathbf{B}}}] \underline{\mathbf{r}} + [\underline{\underline{\mathbf{A}}}^{-1} \underline{\beta}], \quad (175)$$

$$t_j = \underline{\mathbf{a}}_j^\top \underline{\underline{\mathbf{B}}} \underline{\mathbf{r}} + \underline{\mathbf{a}}_j^\top \underline{\beta}, \quad j = 1 \dots m \quad (176)$$

$$\underline{\mathbf{d}} = \underline{\underline{\mathbf{A}}} \underline{\mathbf{r}} + \underline{\Delta}, \quad (177)$$

$$\delta \underline{\mathbf{d}} = \underline{\underline{\Lambda}} \delta \underline{\mathbf{r}} = \underline{\Lambda}_1 \delta r_1 + \underline{\Lambda}_2 \delta r_2 + \dots + \underline{\Lambda}_{n-m} \delta r_{n-m} \quad (178)$$

$$\left\langle [\underline{\underline{\Lambda}}]_{\text{col } h}, \underline{\mathbf{R}} \right\rangle = 0 \quad h = 1 \dots n-m, \quad (179)$$

$$\underline{\underline{\Lambda}}^\top \underline{\mathbf{R}} = \underline{0}. \quad (180)$$

$$\underline{\underline{\mathbf{K}}} (\underline{\underline{\Lambda}} \underline{\mathbf{r}} + \underline{\Delta}) = \underline{\mathbf{F}} + \underline{\mathbf{R}} \quad (181)$$

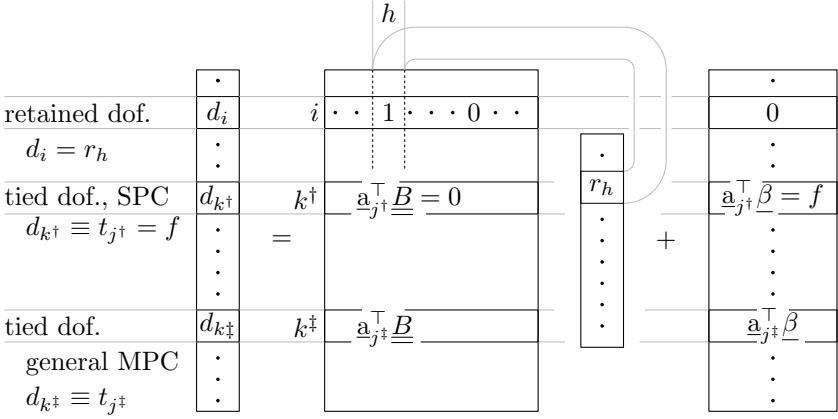
tied dof. selection $\neq 0$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \begin{array}{ccccccc}
 d_1 & d_2 & d_3 & \dots & & & d_{n-1} & d_n \\
 r_1 & t_1 & t_2 & r_2 & r_3 & & \dots & r_{n-m}
 \end{array} \\
 \begin{array}{c}
 1 \\
 2 \\
 \vdots \\
 j \\
 \vdots \\
 m
 \end{array}
 \end{array}
 \quad
 \begin{array}{c}
 \mathcal{L}^\top \quad \underline{d} \\
 = \quad \underline{\beta}
 \end{array}$$

The diagram illustrates the process of selecting tied degrees of freedom (dof) from a large matrix A into a smaller matrix $L^\top d$. The large matrix A has columns labeled $d_1, d_2, d_3, \dots, d_{n-1}, d_n$ and rows labeled $r_1, t_1, t_2, r_2, r_3, \dots, r_{n-m}$. The rows are indexed by $1, 2, \vdots, j, \vdots, m$. A vertical line with a dot at row j indicates the selection of tied dof. The selected columns are highlighted with diagonal hatching. The resulting matrix $L^\top d$ has columns t_1, t_2, \dots, t_m and rows $r_1, t_1, t_2, \vdots, r_h, t_j, \vdots, r_{n-m}$. This matrix is equated to $\underline{\beta}$.

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \begin{array}{c}
 \underline{A} \\
 + \\
 \underline{t} \\
 + \\
 (-\underline{B})
 \end{array}
 \quad
 \begin{array}{c}
 \underline{r} \\
 = \\
 \underline{\beta}
 \end{array}
 \end{array}$$

The diagram shows the decomposition of the system into three components: \underline{A} , \underline{t} , and $(-\underline{B})$, which together result in $\underline{r} = \underline{\beta}$. The matrix \underline{A} is shown with a hatched pattern. The vector \underline{t} is a column vector with entries t_1, t_2, \vdots, t_m . The matrix $(-\underline{B})$ is a zero matrix. The vector \underline{r} is a column vector with entries $r_1, r_2, \vdots, r_h, \vdots, r_{n-m}$. The vector $\underline{\beta}$ is a column vector with entries $\beta_1, \beta_2, \vdots, \beta_h, \vdots, \beta_{n-m}$.



$$\underline{d} = \underline{\Lambda} \underline{r} + \underline{\Delta}$$

$$\underline{\underline{K}} \underline{\underline{\Lambda}} \underline{r} = (\underline{F} - \underline{\underline{K}} \underline{\Delta}) + \underline{R}, \quad (182)$$

$$\underbrace{\underline{\underline{\Lambda}}^\top \underline{\underline{K}} \underline{\underline{\Lambda}}}_{\underline{\underline{K}}_R} \underline{r} = \underbrace{\underline{\underline{\Lambda}}^\top (\underline{F} - \underline{\underline{K}} \underline{\Delta})}_{\underline{F}_R} + \underbrace{\underline{\underline{\Lambda}}^\top \underline{R}}_{=0}, \quad (183)$$

$$\underline{\underline{K}}_R \underline{r} = \underline{F}_R \quad (184)$$

$$\underline{d}^* = \underline{\underline{\Lambda}} \underline{r}^* + \underline{\Delta}; \quad (185)$$

$$\underline{R}^* = \underline{\underline{K}} (\underline{\underline{\Lambda}} \underline{r}^* + \underline{\Delta}) - \underline{F}. \quad (186)$$

$$\underline{d}_{ej}^* = \underline{\underline{P}}_{ej} \underline{d}^*. \quad (187)$$

$$\underline{e} = \underline{\underline{B}}_{ej}^e(\xi, \eta) \underline{d}_{ej}^* \quad \underline{\kappa} = \underline{\underline{B}}_{ej}^\kappa(\xi, \eta) \underline{d}_{ej}^* \quad (188)$$

$$\underline{\epsilon} = (\underline{\underline{B}}_{ej}^e(\xi, \eta) + \underline{\underline{B}}_{ej}^\kappa(\xi, \eta) z) \underline{d}_{ej}^*. \quad (189)$$

$$\underline{\gamma} z = \underline{\underline{B}}_{ej}^\gamma(\xi, \eta) \underline{d}_{ej}^*. \quad (190)$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} u_i \\ v_i \\ w_i \\ \theta_i \\ \phi_i \\ \psi_i \end{bmatrix} = \underbrace{\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & +(z_i - z_C) & -(y_i - y_C) \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & -(z_i - z_C) & 0 & +(x_i - x_C) \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & +(y_i - y_C) & -(x_i - x_C) & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}}_{\underline{\mathbf{L}}_i} \begin{bmatrix} u_C \\ v_C \\ w_C \\ \theta_C \\ \phi_C \\ \psi_C \end{bmatrix}. \quad (191)$$

$$\underline{\mathbf{J}} = \sum_i q_i \begin{bmatrix} y_{Gi}^2 + z_{Gi}^2 & -x_{Gi} y_{Gi} & -x_{Gi} z_{Gi} \\ -y_{Gi} x_{Gi} & z_{Gi}^2 + x_{Gi}^2 & -y_{Gi} z_{Gi} \\ -z_{Gi} x_{Gi} & -z_{Gi} y_{Gi} & x_{Gi}^2 + y_{Gi}^2 \end{bmatrix}, \quad (192)$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} x_{Gi} \\ y_{Gi} \\ z_{Gi} \end{bmatrix} = \underline{\mathbf{x}}_{Gi} = \underline{\mathbf{x}}_i - \underline{\mathbf{x}}_G.$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} U_i \\ V_i \\ W_i \end{bmatrix} = q_i \left(\begin{bmatrix} a \\ b \\ c \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} d \\ e \\ f \end{bmatrix} \wedge \underline{\mathbf{x}}_{Gi} \right) \quad (193)$$

$$\underbrace{\begin{bmatrix} U_i \\ V_i \\ W_i \end{bmatrix}}_{\underline{\mathbf{U}}_i} = q_i \underbrace{\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & +z_{Gi} & -y_{Gi} \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & -z_{Gi} & 0 & +x_{Gi} \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & +y_{Gi} & -x_{Gi} & 0 \end{bmatrix}}_{\underline{\mathbf{S}}_i} \underbrace{\begin{bmatrix} a \\ b \\ c \\ d \\ e \\ f \end{bmatrix}}_{\underline{\mathbf{a}}}, \quad (194)$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} \check{U}_C \\ \check{V}_C \\ \check{W}_C \end{bmatrix} = \sum_i \begin{bmatrix} U_i \\ V_i \\ W_i \end{bmatrix}, \quad \begin{bmatrix} \check{\Theta}_C \\ \check{\Phi}_C \\ \check{\Psi}_C \end{bmatrix} = \sum_i \begin{bmatrix} x_i - x_C \\ y_i - y_C \\ z_i - z_C \end{bmatrix} \wedge \begin{bmatrix} U_i \\ V_i \\ W_i \end{bmatrix} \quad (195)$$

$$\underbrace{\sum_i q_i \left[[\underline{x}_i - \underline{x}_C]_{\wedge} \right]}_{\underline{\underline{A}}} \underline{\underline{S}}_i \underline{\underline{a}} = \underbrace{\begin{bmatrix} \check{U}_C \\ \check{V}_C \\ \check{W}_C \\ \check{\Theta}_C \\ \check{\Phi}_C \\ \check{\Psi}_C \end{bmatrix}}_{\check{\underline{\underline{U}}}_C}, \quad (196)$$

$$\underline{\underline{a}} = \underline{\underline{A}}^{-1} \check{\underline{\underline{U}}}_C \quad (197)$$

$$\underline{\underline{U}}_i = q_i (\underline{\underline{S}}_i \underline{\underline{A}}^{-1}) \check{\underline{\underline{U}}}_C \quad (198)$$

$$\underline{\underline{A}}^{-1} = \underbrace{\begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{m} \underline{\underline{I}} & \underline{\underline{0}} \\ \underline{\underline{0}} & \underline{\underline{J}}^{-1} \end{bmatrix}}_{\underline{\underline{M}}^{-1}} \underbrace{\begin{bmatrix} \underline{\underline{I}} & \underline{\underline{0}} \\ [[\underline{x}_C - \underline{x}_G]_{\wedge}] & \underline{\underline{I}} \end{bmatrix}}_{\underline{\underline{L}}_{CG}^{\top}}, \quad (199)$$

$$\underline{\underline{R}}_{abc,i} = q_i \begin{bmatrix} a \\ b \\ c \end{bmatrix} = \frac{q_i}{\sum_i q_i} \{ \check{U}_C, \check{V}_C, \check{W}_C \}; \quad (200)$$

$$\underline{\underline{R}}_{d,i} + \underline{\underline{R}}_{e,i} + \underline{\underline{R}}_{f,i} = q_i \left(d \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} + e \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} + f \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} \right) \wedge \underline{x}_{Gi} \quad (201)$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} d \\ e \\ f \end{bmatrix} = \underline{\underline{J}}^{-1} \begin{bmatrix} \check{\Theta}_G \\ \check{\Phi}_G \\ \check{\Psi}_G \end{bmatrix} \quad (202)$$

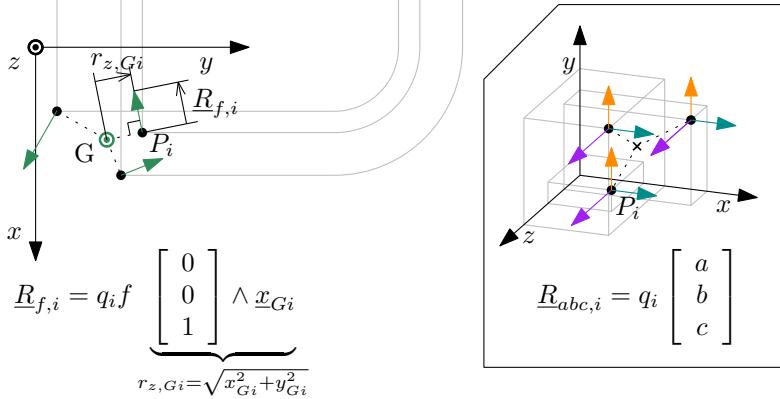
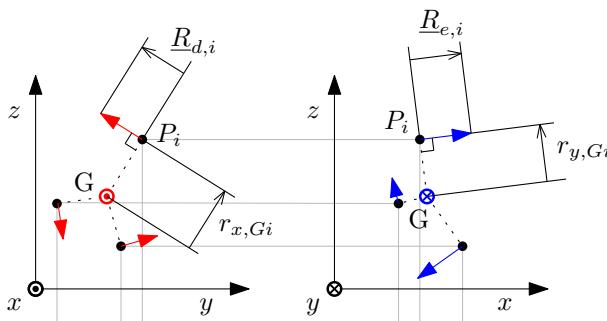
$$0 = \underline{\underline{\delta u}}_C^{\top} (-\check{\underline{\underline{U}}}_C) + \sum_i \underline{\underline{\delta u}}_i^{\top} \underline{\underline{U}}_i \quad (203)$$

$$= \left(-\underline{\underline{\delta u}}_C^{\top} + \sum_i q_i \underline{\underline{\delta u}}_i^{\top} \underline{\underline{S}}_i \underline{\underline{A}}^{-1} \right) \check{\underline{\underline{U}}}_C \quad (204)$$

$$\underline{\underline{\delta u}}_C = [\cdots \quad q_i \underline{\underline{A}}^{-\top} \underline{\underline{S}}_i^{\top} \quad \cdots] \begin{bmatrix} \vdots \\ \underline{\underline{\delta u}}_i \\ \vdots \end{bmatrix}, \quad (205)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \underline{\underline{\delta u}}_C^{\top} &= [\delta u_C \quad \delta v_C \quad \delta w_C \quad \delta \theta_C \quad \delta \phi_C \quad \delta \psi_C] \\ \underline{\underline{\delta u}}_i^{\top} &= [\delta u_i \quad \delta v_i \quad \delta w_i] \end{aligned}$$

$$\underline{R}_{d,i} = q_i d \underbrace{\begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}}_{r_{x,Gi} = \sqrt{y_{Gi}^2 + z_{Gi}^2}} \wedge \underline{x}_{Gi} \quad \underline{R}_{e,i} = q_i e \underbrace{\begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}}_{r_{y,Gi} = \sqrt{z_{Gi}^2 + x_{Gi}^2}} \wedge \underline{x}_{Gi}$$



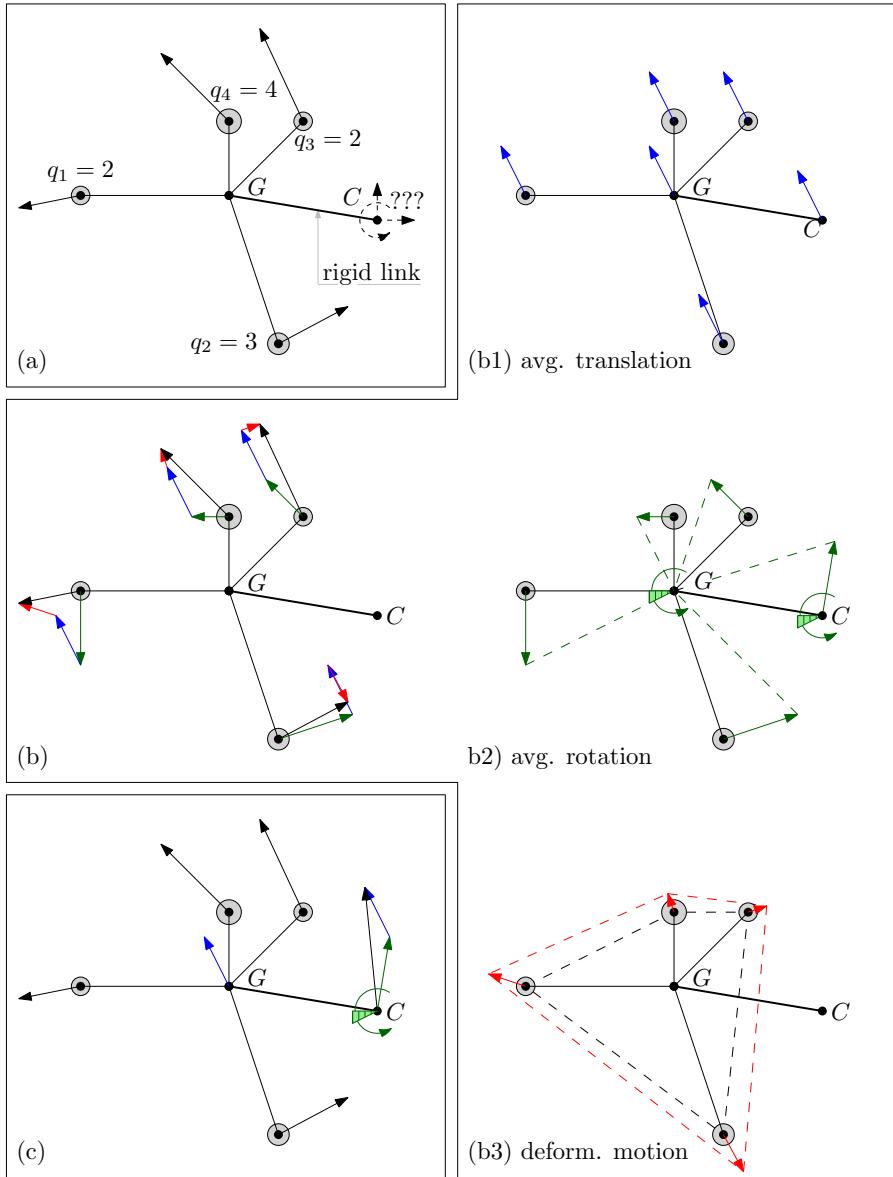
$$\underline{R}_{f,i} = q_i f \underbrace{\begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}}_{r_{z,Gi} = \sqrt{x_{Gi}^2 + y_{Gi}^2}} \wedge \underline{x}_{Gi}$$

$$\underline{R}_{abc,i} = q_i \begin{bmatrix} a \\ b \\ c \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\underline{\mathbf{u}}_C = \sum_i q_i \underline{\mathbf{A}}^{-\top} \underline{\mathbf{S}}_i^\top \underline{\mathbf{u}}_i = \cdots = \underbrace{\begin{bmatrix} \underline{\mathbf{I}} & -[\underline{\mathbf{x}}_C - \underline{\mathbf{x}}_G]_\wedge \\ \underline{\mathbf{0}} & \underline{\mathbf{I}} \end{bmatrix}}_{\underline{\mathbf{L}}_{CG}} \underline{\mathbf{u}}_G \quad (206)$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} u_G \\ v_G \\ w_G \end{bmatrix} = \frac{1}{m} \sum_i q_i \underline{\mathbf{u}}_i, \quad \begin{bmatrix} \theta_G \\ \phi_G \\ \psi_G \end{bmatrix} = \underline{\mathbf{J}}^{-1} \underbrace{\sum_i q_i [\underline{\mathbf{x}}_i - \underline{\mathbf{x}}_G]_\wedge}_{P_i \text{ disp. moment}} \underline{\mathbf{u}}_i.$$

$$\underline{0} = \frac{1}{m} \sum_i q_i \underline{\mathbf{u}}_i, \quad \underline{0} = \sum_i q_i [\underline{\mathbf{x}}_i - \underline{\mathbf{x}}_G]_\wedge \underline{\mathbf{u}}_i$$



$$\ddot{\underline{d}} = \underbrace{\begin{bmatrix} \cdots & \underline{t}_l & \cdots \end{bmatrix}}_{\underline{\mathbb{T}}} \underbrace{\begin{bmatrix} \vdots \\ \alpha_l \\ \vdots \end{bmatrix}}_{\underline{\alpha}}, \quad (207)$$

$$\underline{\mathbb{T}}^\top \underline{\mathbb{M}} \underline{\mathbb{T}} \underline{\alpha} = \underline{\mathbb{T}}^\top \underline{\mathbb{F}} \quad (208)$$

$$\underline{\mathbb{M}} \underline{\mathbb{T}} \underline{\alpha} = \underline{\mathbb{F}} [+ \underline{\mathbb{R}}_l]$$

$$\underline{\underline{\mathbb{K}}} \underline{d} = \underline{\mathbb{F}} - \underline{\mathbb{M}} \underline{\mathbb{T}} \underline{\alpha}, \quad (209)$$

$$\underline{\underline{M}} \ddot{\underline{\underline{d}}} + \underline{\underline{C}} \dot{\underline{\underline{d}}} + \underline{\underline{K}} \underline{\underline{d}} = \underline{\underline{f}}(t), \quad \underline{\underline{d}} = \underline{\underline{d}}(t) \quad (210)$$

$$\underline{\underline{M}}_R \ddot{\underline{\underline{r}}} + \underline{\underline{C}}_R \dot{\underline{\underline{r}}} + \underline{\underline{K}}_R \underline{\underline{r}} = \underline{\underline{f}}_R(t) + \underbrace{\underline{\underline{\Lambda}}^\top \underline{\underline{R}}(t)}_{=0} \quad (211)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \{\underline{\underline{M}}_R, \underline{\underline{C}}_R, \underline{\underline{K}}_R\} &= \underline{\underline{\Lambda}}^\top \{\underline{\underline{M}}, \underline{\underline{C}}, \underline{\underline{K}}\} \underline{\underline{\Lambda}} \\ \underline{\underline{f}}_R(t) &= \underline{\underline{\Lambda}}^\top \left(\underline{\underline{f}}(t) - \underline{\underline{M}} \ddot{\underline{\underline{\Delta}}} - \underline{\underline{C}} \dot{\underline{\underline{\Delta}}} - \underline{\underline{K}} \underline{\underline{\Delta}} \right) \end{aligned}$$

$$\underline{\underline{f}}(t) = \frac{\bar{\underline{\underline{f}}} e^{j\omega t} + \bar{\underline{\underline{f}}}^* e^{-j\omega t}}{2} = \text{Re}(\bar{\underline{\underline{f}}} e^{j\omega t}) \quad (212)$$

$$\underline{\underline{f}}(t) = \bar{\underline{\underline{f}}} e^{j\omega t} \quad (213)$$

$$\text{Re}(\bar{\underline{\underline{f}}} e^{j\omega t}) = \text{Re}(\bar{\underline{\underline{f}}}) \cos \omega t - \text{Im}(\bar{\underline{\underline{f}}}) \sin \omega t \quad (214)$$

$$\underline{\underline{d}}(t) = \bar{\underline{\underline{d}}} e^{j\omega t} \quad (215)$$

$$(-\omega^2 \underline{\underline{M}} + j\omega \underline{\underline{C}} + \underline{\underline{K}}) \bar{\underline{\underline{d}}} = \bar{\underline{\underline{f}}} \quad (216)$$

$$(-\omega^2 \underline{\underline{M}} + \underline{\underline{K}}) \bar{\underline{\underline{d}}} = \underline{\underline{0}} \quad (217)$$

$$(\underline{\underline{M}}^{-1} \underline{\underline{K}} - \omega^2 \underline{\underline{I}}) \hat{\underline{\underline{d}}} = \underline{\underline{0}}; \quad (218)$$

$$m_i = \hat{\underline{\underline{d}}}^\top \underline{\underline{M}} \hat{\underline{\underline{d}}} = 1 \quad (219)$$

$$\underline{\underline{x}}(t) = a \hat{\underline{\underline{d}}} \sin(\omega_i t) \quad (220)$$

$$f(t) = \bar{\underline{\underline{f}}} \cos(\omega_i t), \quad (221)$$

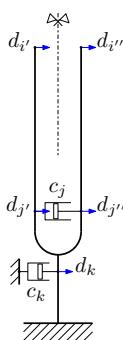
$$\underbrace{(-\omega_i^2 \underline{\underline{M}} + \underline{\underline{K}})}_{=0} \hat{\underline{\underline{d}}} a_i \sin(\omega_i t) + \omega_i a_i \underline{\underline{C}} \hat{\underline{\underline{d}}} \cos(\omega_i t) = \bar{\underline{\underline{f}}} \cos(\omega_i t). \quad (222)$$

$$a_i = \frac{\hat{\underline{\underline{d}}}^\top \bar{\underline{\underline{f}}}}{\omega_i \hat{\underline{\underline{d}}}^\top \underline{\underline{C}} \hat{\underline{\underline{d}}} i} \quad (223)$$

$$\hat{\underline{\underline{d}}}^\top \underline{\underline{M}} \hat{\underline{\underline{d}}} = m_i \delta_{ij} \quad \hat{\underline{\underline{d}}}^\top \underline{\underline{K}} \hat{\underline{\underline{d}}} = m_i \omega_i^2 \delta_{ij} \quad (224)$$

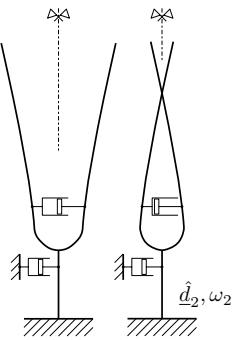
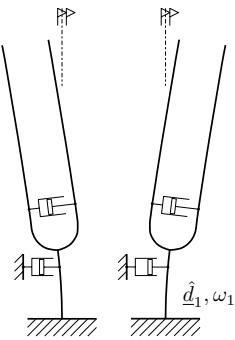
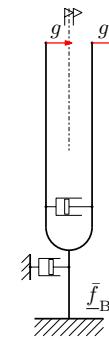
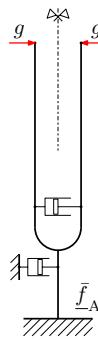
$$\underline{\underline{\Xi}} = [\hat{\underline{\underline{d}}}_1 \quad \dots \quad \hat{\underline{\underline{d}}}_l \quad \dots \quad \hat{\underline{\underline{d}}}_m], \quad (225)$$

$$\bar{\underline{\underline{d}}} = \underline{\underline{\Xi}} \bar{\underline{\underline{\xi}}} \quad (226)$$



$$\underline{\underline{C}} = \begin{array}{c|ccc} & j' & j'' & k \\ \hline \ll c_j, c_k \\ \text{if not } = 0 \\ \text{elsewhere} & \cdot & \cdot & \cdot \\ \cdot & \cdot & \cdot & \cdot \\ \cdot & \cdot & \cdot & \cdot \\ \cdot & \cdot & \cdot & \cdot \\ j' & \cdots & \cdots & +c_j \\ & \cdot & \cdot & -c_j \\ j'' & \cdots & \cdots & -c_j \\ & \cdot & \cdot & +c_j \\ k & \cdots & \cdots & \cdot \end{array}$$

\bar{f}_A	\bar{f}_B	\hat{d}_1	\hat{d}_2
0	0	.	.
$+g$	$+g$	$+s$	$+q$
$-g$	$+g$	$+s$	$-q$
0	0	.	.
j'	0	0	$+p$
j''	0	0	$-p$
k	0	0	0
.	.	.	.



applied loads

$$f_A(t) = \operatorname{Re}(\bar{f}_A e^{j\omega t})$$

$$f_B(t) = \operatorname{Re}(\bar{f}_B e^{j\omega t})$$

$$\langle \hat{d}_1, \underline{f}_A \rangle = 0$$

$$\langle \hat{d}_1, \underline{f}_B \rangle = 2gs > 0$$

$$\langle \hat{d}_1, \underline{\underline{C}} \hat{d}_1 \rangle = c_k v^2 + \varepsilon$$

$$\langle \hat{d}_2, \underline{f}_A \rangle = 2gq > 0$$

$$\langle \hat{d}_2, \underline{f}_B \rangle = 0$$

$$\langle \hat{d}_2, \underline{\underline{C}} \hat{d}_2 \rangle = 4c_j p^2 + \varepsilon$$

$$\underline{\Xi}^\top \underline{\mathbf{M}} \underline{\Xi} = \underline{\mathbf{I}} \quad \underline{\Xi}^\top \underline{\mathbf{K}} \underline{\Xi} = \underline{\Omega} = \text{diag}(\omega_l^2); \quad (227)$$

$$\underline{\mathbf{C}} = \alpha \underline{\mathbf{M}} + \beta \underline{\mathbf{K}} \quad (228)$$

$$\underline{\Xi}^\top (-\omega^2 \underline{\mathbf{M}} + j\omega \underline{\mathbf{C}} + \underline{\mathbf{K}}) \underline{\Xi} \bar{\xi} = \underline{\Xi}^\top \bar{\mathbf{f}} \quad (229)$$

$$(-\omega^2 \underline{\mathbf{I}} + j\omega (\alpha \underline{\mathbf{I}} + \beta \underline{\Omega}) + \underline{\Omega}) \bar{\xi} = \underline{\Xi}^\top \bar{\mathbf{f}}, \quad (230)$$

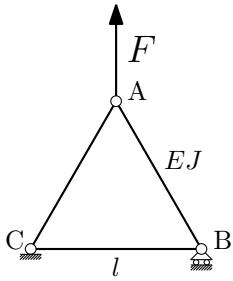
$$(-\omega^2 + j\omega (\alpha + \beta \omega_l^2) + \omega_l^2) \xi_l = q_l, \quad j = 1 \dots m \quad (231)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \xi_l(t) &= \text{Re}(\bar{\xi}_l) \cos \omega t - \text{Im}(\bar{\xi}_l) \sin \omega t \\ &= |\bar{\xi}_l| \cos(\omega t + \psi_l - \phi_l) \end{aligned}$$

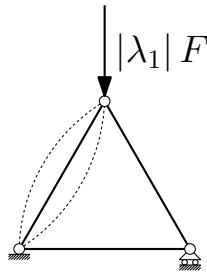
$$a_l = 1 - r_l^2 \quad b_l = 2\zeta_l r_l \quad r_l = \frac{\omega}{\omega_l}$$

$$\begin{aligned} |\bar{\xi}_l| &= \frac{|\bar{q}_l|}{\omega_l^2} \frac{1}{\sqrt{a_l^2 + b_l^2}} \\ \psi_l &= \arg(\bar{q}_l) \\ \phi_l &= \arg(a_l + jb_l) \end{aligned}$$

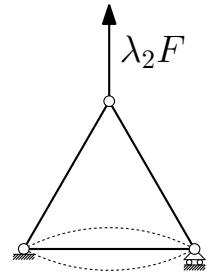
$$\begin{aligned} \text{Re}(\bar{\xi}_l) &= \frac{1}{\omega_l^2} \frac{a_l \text{Re}(\bar{q}_l) + b_l \text{Im}(\bar{q}_l)}{a_l^2 + b_l^2} \\ \text{Im}(\bar{\xi}_l) &= \frac{1}{\omega_l^2} \frac{a_l \text{Im}(\bar{q}_l) - b_l \text{Re}(\bar{q}_l)}{a_l^2 + b_l^2}. \end{aligned}$$



$$\begin{aligned} N_{AB} = N_{CA} &= +\frac{F}{\sqrt{3}} \\ N_{BC} &= -\frac{F}{2\sqrt{3}} \\ N_{\text{crit},i} &= -\frac{\pi^2 i^2 EJ}{l^2} \end{aligned}$$



$$\begin{aligned} \lambda_1 &= -\frac{\pi^2 EJ \sqrt{3}}{l^2} \\ &\text{multiple 2} \\ \text{minimum } \lambda_i &\text{ in absolute value} \end{aligned}$$



$$\begin{aligned} \lambda_2 &= +\frac{\pi^2 EJ 2\sqrt{3}}{l^2} \\ \text{minimum } \lambda_i &> 0 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \delta U_i &= \iiint_V \delta \underline{\epsilon}^\top (\lambda \underline{\sigma}_0 + \underline{\underline{D}} \underline{\epsilon}) dV \\ &= \iiint_V [\underline{\underline{B}}(\underline{d}) \delta \underline{d}]^\top (\lambda \underline{\sigma}_0 + \underline{\underline{D}} \underline{\underline{B}}(\underline{d}) \underline{d}) dV \\ &= \dots \\ &= \delta \underline{d} ((\underline{\underline{K}}_{ej}^M + \lambda \underline{\underline{K}}_{ej}^G) \underline{d} + o(\underline{d})) . \end{aligned}$$

$$(\underline{\underline{K}}^M + \lambda \underline{\underline{K}}^G) \underline{d} = \underline{F} \quad (232)$$

$$(\underline{\underline{K}}^M + \lambda_i \underline{\underline{K}}^G) \hat{\underline{d}}_i = 0 \quad (233)$$

$$\underline{r}(\underline{u}) = \underline{0} \quad (234)$$

$$\underline{r}(\underline{u}) = \underline{G}(\underline{u}) - \underline{f}(\underline{u})$$

$$\underline{r}(\underline{u}^*) = \underline{r}(\underline{u}^i) + \underline{\underline{J}}_r(\underline{u}^i) \cdot (\underline{u}^* - \underline{u}^i) + o(\underline{u}^* - \underline{u}^i) = \underline{0}. \quad (235)$$

$$[\underline{\underline{J}}_r(\underline{u}^i)]_{l,m} = [\underline{\underline{J}}_r^i]_{l,m} = \frac{\partial r_l}{\partial u_m} \Big|_{\underline{u}=\underline{u}^i}, \quad l, m = 1 \dots n \quad (236)$$

$$\underline{\underline{J}}_r^i = \underline{\underline{J}}_G^i - \underline{\underline{J}}_f^i \quad (237)$$

$$[\underline{\underline{J}}_G^i]_{l,m} = \frac{\partial G_l}{\partial u_m} \Big|_{\underline{u}=\underline{u}^i}, \quad [\underline{\underline{J}}_f^i]_{l,m} = \frac{\partial f_l}{\partial u_m} \Big|_{\underline{u}=\underline{u}^i}, \quad l, m = 1 \dots n \quad (238)$$

$$\underbrace{\underline{\underline{J}}_r^i}_{\underline{\underline{K}}^i} \underbrace{(\underline{u}^{i+1} - \underline{u}^i)}_{\Delta \underline{u}^{i \rightarrow i+1}} = - \underbrace{\underline{r}(\underline{u}^i)}_{\Delta \underline{r}^{i \rightarrow i+1}} \quad (239)$$

$$\underline{u}^{i+1} = \underline{u}^i - \underline{\underline{J}}_r^i \setminus \underline{r}(\underline{u}^i) \quad (240)$$

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